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HONOLULU, H. I.: FRIDAY, JUNE 30, 1899.—SEMI-WEEKLY.

WHOLE NO. 3085.

Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

ISSUED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS.

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

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A GREAT COLUMN

Order of the Procession for Sun-
day Funeral.

TO BE AN IMPPOSING ARRAY

Schools and Colleges—Military and
Naval Forces—Clergy—Native
Sons—Women to March.

(BY AUTHORITY)
ORDER OF PROCESSION
For the
FUNERAL OF HER LATE MAJES-
TY, THE QUEEN DOWAGER.

Torch Bearers.
Marshal of the Republic and Officers.
Company of Police.
Oahu College.
Kamehameha School.
St. Andrew's Priory.
Fraternal Societies.
St. Antonio Beneficent Society.
Sociedade Lusitana Beneficente.
Ahaui Kalalaina.
Ahaui Aloha Aina.
Ahaui Aloha Aina o na Wahine.
Matron Kapiolani Maternity Home
and Aides.
Konohikis and Tenants of the Late
Queen Dowager's Private Lands.
Grand Marshal and Aides.
Band.
Battalion Sixth Artillery, U. S. A.
Detachment of Blue Jackets from U.
S. S. Iroquois.
Band.
First Regiment National Guard of
Hawaii.
Servants of the Late Queen Dowager.
Physicians in Attendance.
Protestant Clergy.
Clergy of the Roman Catholic Church.
The Right Reverend the Bishop of
Panopolis.
Choir.
Officiating Clergy.
The Right Reverend the Bishop of
Honolulu.
Hon. J. T. Baker, Bearing Decorations
of the Late Queen Dowager.
Native Sons of Hawaii Drawing the

Carriage with Prince Kawanakoa,
Prince Kalaniano'ole and wife,
and L. Kamakala.
Carriage of Her Majesty, Ex-Queen
Liliuokalani.
Carriage with Mrs. G. H. Fairchild
and Mr. Fairchild.
Carriage with Mrs. Stella Cockett and
Mr. Cockett.
Carriage with Hon. A. S. Cleghorn.
The President and Staff.
The Cabinet Ministers.
The Justices of the Supreme Court.
The Special Agent of the United
States.
Consul-General of the United States.
Officers of the U. S. Army and Navy.
President of the Senate.
Senators.
Speaker of the House.
Representatives.
Consular Corps.
Circuit Judges.
Government Officials.
Public.

Large Kahilis
Small Kahilis
Pail Bearers.
CATAFALQUE
Pail Bearers.
Small Kahilis
Large Kahilis

The Procession will form at 2 p. m.
on Sunday, July 2d, on King Street.
The line of Procession preceding the
Catafalque will be formed on King
street, with the right resting near
Richards street, carriages of those who
follow will form on the makai side of
Kawaiahao Church.
The procession will proceed along
King street to Nuuanu street; thence
along Nuuanu street to the Royal
Mausoleum.
All attending the funeral in car-
riages are respectfully requested to
furnish cards to their coachmen in or-
der that position may be assigned to
them.
The Procession will be under the

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Designs Furnished.
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direction of Major G. C. Potter of the
President's Staff.

E. A. MOTT-SMITH,
Minister of Foreign Affairs.
Department of Foreign Affairs, June
30, 1899.

Two Engines Damaged
There was a slight collision on the
railroad near Moanalua yesterday af-
ternoon, but nobody was injured and
the damage was slight. The east bound
freight collided with a work train sta-
tioned a few miles out of Honolulu.

Both engines were damaged some-
what. One will be in service again to-
day and the other will be laid up less
than a week. The work train engine
was at a standstill when the collision
happened. Signals were out, but the
freight train was on a down grade and
there had been a shower, which made
the tracks slippery. The road was
opened again in about three hours. A
report was around town that there had
been a genuine "head-on" collision
with disastrous results.

FIRST IN FIELD.

Citizens to Decorate Elaborately
for the Fourth.

Street decorations for the Fourth of
July have already been commenced.
Two arches are being constructed. One
is across King street at the corner of
Nuuanu. This is being put up by Love-
joy & Co., and Peacock & Co. This
arch will be ionic. The words "Hawaii
Nel" and "E Pluribus Unum" will be
worked out at the crest. In the center
of the bow there will be a large eagle
mounted upon a shield draped with
flags and bunting.

The other arch is being put up at the
expense of Jas. Dodd and Chas. Mc-
Carthy, near the corner of Fort and
Hotel streets. This will be something
after the style of the one on King
street. It will be draped with flags,
with a spread eagle and crossed can-
ons at the crown.

Walter Pollard, who was formerly
with the Orpheum, is in charge of the
work. He is also building two floats
for the parade committee. One is a
large shell decorated with palms. Up-
on the shell will be emblazoned the
words "Pearl of the Pacific." This one
is to typify Hawaii. The other will
represent "Columbia" and will be
formed of a large canopy of red, white
and blue supported by pillars.

Col. Jones reports that everything
points to one of the best Fourth of
July parades ever held. Both the N.
G. H. and the Artillery will turn out
en masse. There will be a number of
floats.

REFORM SCHOOL.

A Citizen's Comment on Future of
Recalcitrant Boys.

Allan Herbert believes that the Re-
form School should be in Koolau. He
says:

"Here at our Reform School is a
field for our Associated Charities, but
then as Robert Louis Stevenson said:
"The deserving poor are never
reached." A visit to this school and
a close scrutiny of the faces of some
of the bright little fellows will con-
vince the most skeptical that many
should not have been sent there for
reformation, where, by association
with hardened criminals of age, they
must learn crimes the very name and
character of which they would never
learn elsewhere. Here we have the
vagrant of 10, the burglar of 10 or 12,
and the child "who is in danger
of being brought up to lead an idle or im-
moral life," acquiring habits and vices
from their companions.

"State Superintendent Coffin of Cal-
ifornia says: "Twenty-four hours or
less in jail breaks down whatever bar-
rier may exist between the child and
the criminal. However innocent he
may be, once in jail, he is placed in
his own mind, at least, in the criminal
class."

"We asked a bright little native boy
of 9 or 10 'What brought you here?'
He said his home was on Kaula, that
he came here on one of the steamers
and had done nothing wrong. The
courteous teacher told us that the
school superintendent had brought him
to the Reform School as he had no
other place to keep him. We asked the
little fellow if he wanted to go with
us and have a good home. He said
no, he preferred to be with the boys.
Mr. Needham said a lady had made
the same proposition and got the same
answer. Some of the boys of 12 or 14
were serving their second term.

The Stabbing Affair.

David Kul, the boy who stabbed Ar-
thur McGowan Wednesday evening
and then escaped, was brought to the
police station early yesterday morning.
He had gone to his home, and his
father brought him to the station. He
is almost prostrated at the serious as-
pect of a deed done in the heat of
passion. The lad who was stabbed re-
mained in about the same condition
throughout yesterday. He is very weak
and in great pain.

ONE YEAR HENCE

Mr. F. A. Hosmer to Leave the
Oahu College.

RESIGNATION TO TRUSTEES.

Will Round Out a Term of Ten
Years—The Longest—Will Travel.
Home in Hawaii.

The resignation of Frank A. Hos-
mer, A. M., president of Oahu college,
has been presented to the Board of
Trustees and referred to the Educa-
tional Committee. The step is final on
the part of Mr. Hosmer and he will



FRANK A. HOSMER, A. M.
(Photo by Williams.)

leave his place at the end of the com-
ing school year, June, 1900. The trust-
ees and all the friends of the college
deeply regret the fact that Mr. Hosmer
is to retire. When he came to control he
will have been at the head of the in-
stitution ten years. This is the long-
est term of any president. Daniel
Dole was at Punahou a few years more,
but part of the time as principal, be-
fore the college was incorporated or
chartered.

Mr. Hosmer is a graduate of Amherst
college and early became a prominent
educator. Before coming to Hawaii he
was ten years principal of the public
schools of Great Barrington, where
are prepared many of the men who
enter Yale and Harvard. For a time
Mr. Hosmer was in the newspaper busi-
ness as an editor and was successful
in the calling. Just before accepting
the call to Oahu college he was offered
the principalship of the public schools
of Tacoma, Wash.

It is the intention of Mr. and Mrs.
Hosmer to leave Hawaii a year from
this time and to spend some months
with their relatives in the East and in
traveling about the United States.
They will then go to Europe for an in-
definite stay. When through with
Great Britain and the continent they
will return to Honolulu, which will
be regarded as their home all the time
they are away and which will be their
home when they tire of traveling.

Frank A. Hosmer has been a useful
citizen to this community in every
way. He has managed the college
splendidly, has been active in the fur-
therance of every movement for the
advancement of culture and refine-
ment. He has been active in the So-
cial Science Association, has planted
at the college the nucleus for an art
museum, has taken a keen interest in
music, has preserved the religious at-
mosphere of the place, has been prom-
inent in church and Sabbath school af-
fairs, found time to serve the state as
a member of the Advisory Council,
was a member of the Sharpshooters
company and has taken a keen interest
in athletics. Mr. Hosmer has been a
hard worker and in all his undertak-
ings has had the assistance and co-op-
eration of Mrs. Hosmer, who has been
in thorough sympathy with all the
undertakings handled by her husband.
The course of studies at the college
has been improved. Boys have been
prepared there that they entered with-
out conditions Yale, Harvard, Prince-
ton, Cambridge. A number of the men
now prominent here have graduated
from the college since Mr. Hosmer was
at its head. The Pauahi hall has been
added to the buildings and many im-
provements have been made about the
place. The president has been the busi-
ness manager as well as director gen-
eral and a tutor, has performed prodigies
of labor and through it all has been
happy and ever good natured. The

Hosmers have entertained much at
their home and have been in society
not a little. Mr. Hosmer was pleased
to see the Alumni Association organ-
ized recently. He is ambitious for
Oahu and wants to see there manual
training of the proper sort, a fine art
museum and a well equipped gymnas-
ium with an instructor. Mr. Hosmer
gives to the trustees a notice of one
year to permit selection of a successor
with due care.

Mr. Hosmer has felt lately that the
continuous labor here was telling upon
his health and besides has wished to
visit his home in the States with Mrs.
Hosmer and to travel in Europe. The
resignation came in the nature of a
complete surprise to the trustees, as it
will to the community. For a long
time Mr. Hosmer has been accepted by
the whole people as a fixture at the
college and certainly was so regarded
by the trustees.

First Regiment, N. G. H.
Headquarters First Regiment, N. G. H.
Honolulu, H. I., June 29, 1899.

1—In compliance with General Or-
ders No. 33, dated June 28, 1899, the
First Regiment, N. G. H., will assemble
under arms at the Drill Shed on Sun-
day, July 2, 1899, at 1:30 p. m., for the
purpose of taking part in the funeral
services of the late Queen Dowager
Kapiolani, from the Kawaiahao church.
2—Field and Staff will parade
mounted.

3—Uniform: Mounted Officers, fati-
gue, blue trousers and gloves. Line,
fatigue, white trousers and gloves.
4—Officers will wear crepe on sword
hilt.

By order of
COIL JONES,
(Signed) JNO. SCHAEFER,
Captain and Adjutant.

SMOOTH HARRY.

Young Man Departs After Biting
Friends.

Harry Arnold, who first came to the
islands with the Elsie Adair company
about three years ago, quietly departed
by the Coptic, leaving a wife whom
he but lately married and leaving a
painful void in the treasury depart-
ments of a number of friends. This is
a great surprise and a genuine shock
to those who knew and liked the pleas-
ant, intelligent young fellow and had
confidence in him. Walter Pollard
says he loses over \$250 cash by Ar-
nold's "getaway," and there are oth-
ers. The wife is left without funds.
Arnold engaged with the Hawaiian
Electric company after he quit the
Elsie Adair troupe. Getting out of this
employ he made a trip to the coast.
On his return he was variously at
work about town till he signed with
the Honolulu Iron Works as a draughts-
man. He was at this place some
months. During all of his time
in Honolulu Arnold has been a stage
assistant at the Opera House and he
joined with the McVay company in
that capacity, resigning from the Iron
Works. When the McVay season came
to a premature close, Arnold went in
with Walter Pollard on Fourth of July
decorating and float building. Arnold
was a prepossessing, well-educated
chap, handy at anything he undertook.
He was generally well liked. There is
no explanation offered of his peculiar
and dishonest behavior. Says Walter
Pollard: "I do not mind the money so
much, but what Arnold did hurts me,
for I thought he was all right." Other
people cheated by the young man say
about the same thing. The deserted
woman belongs in Honolulu.

SECOND LYING IN STATE

Body of Queen Dowager Kapiolani
at Kawaiahao.

The body of Kapiolani will lie in
state from noon today until midnight
Saturday. The decorations of the
church were completed yesterday. The
display of kahilis is the greatest since
the funeral of Queen Emma. Flowers
and floral pieces kept coming in
throughout yesterday. Some of the
latter are remarkably beautiful. The
ladies in charge of the decorations
worked long and well, and the result
is worthy of the effort.

The doors of the church will be
opened promptly at 12 today. The
crowd of people will be large
throughout the day. Tonight native
musicians will sing the mourning
songs.

Trespass Case.

Judge Perry has found for defend-
ant in the trespass suit of the John H.
estate vs. Mrs. Helen Boyd. Plaintiff
claimed of the defendant the sum of
\$500 for damages for trespass alleged
to have been committed by the defend-
ant upon a certain parcel of land sit-
uated at Pawa, Waikiki.

KAM CLASS OF '99

Graduating Exercises Held in
Gymnasium Hall.

WAS LARGE ATTENDANCE

Addresses and Music—Several Es-
says—W. O. Smith for the Trust-
ees—Social Session.

The graduating exercises of the Ka-
mehameha Boys' School were held
last evening in the gymnasium of the
Manual. This marked the closing of
commencement week of the Kameha-
meha Schools. The attendance was
one of the largest of the week, the
gymnasium being completely crowded.
The essays and songs were particu-
larly well rendered. Special mention
may be made of the salutatory by
James Burgess. It dealt with Ha-
waii's legendary history, and the tale
of the origin of man was a remark-
able parallel with the Mosaic story.

The address of the evening was
made by W. O. Smith, representing the
trustees of the institution. He called
the attention of the members of the
graduating class to the objects of the
great trust created by Pauahi Bishop.
She intended to provide for the edu-
cation of the Hawaiians in a liberal
manner. The trust was an important
one, and was growing in value rapidly.
He thought that in the future
there would be a university estab-
lished by the trust, and all branches
of education would be introduced. He
read to the class extracts from the
will, and the codicils to the will of
Mrs. Bishop, declaring its purposes,
which were not only to give the stu-
dents education of a general charac-
ter, but industrial education, which
was especially needed by the natives.
The endowments established by Mr.
and Mrs. Bishop were of far-reaching
consequences, and their value in the
future would be far larger than at
present.

The different numbers of the pro-
gram were as follows:

Invocation.....Rev. E. S. Timoteo
Song, Hawaiian Hymn.....Newcomb
Kamehameha choir.
Address from the trustees.....
.....Hon. W. O. Smith
Essay, Salutatory and Hawaii's Leg-
endary History.....James Burgess
Essay, "Welding".....Henry Martin
Song, "Amici".....Anonymous
Ocotilla.
Essay, "Economic Changes Since
Annexation".....Tom Cummings
Essay, "Effect of Annexation and
Valedictory".....Carl Ontal
Song, "When Day Fades".....Parks
Glee Club.
Essay, "The New Agriculture".....
.....Charles Siemen, class of '98
NORMAL CLASS.
Essay, "Underestimating the Pres-
ent".....William Abbey
Essay, "The New Method of Edu-
cation".....Daniel Kahol
Address to Normal class.....
.....K. S. Woodward
Presentation of diplomas.....
Benediction.....Rev. S. P. Perry

After the program the alumni and
a number of invited guests gathered in
the dining hall for the annual festi-
vities. It was a typical college gather-
ing, and the best of fellowship and so-
cial spirit prevailed.

The exercises last evening closed
the commencement exercises of '99.

In the Hospital.

The Japanese woman whose throat
was cut by her husband in Pauahi
street, has about recovered.
E. C. Winston is on the mend.
Clayton, the British soldier of for-
tune hurt on the cricket field here,
will soon leave the Queen's Hospital.
Clayton was one of the Jameson raid-
ers, and has seen service in Manila.

William Lelo, the native boy who
lost an arm in the press rooms of the
Hawaiian Gazette Company, is still at
the hospital. The operation was well
done, the arm has healed and the lad
is strong, but the manufacture of joint
fluid continues and a daily dressing is
necessary.

There has been a large amount of
night work at the hospital lately and
Mr. Eckhardt and his assistants, as
well as Drs. Wood and Cooper have
had little rest.

Two brass bands that were desired
for use on Sunday and Tuesday next
are unavailable. These are the St.
Louis College and Kamehameha school
organizations. Both institutions are
in vacation and the players are scat-
tered.

IS MADE 21 DAYS

Period for Quarantine Against the Plague.

FEVER ABATING IN HILO

Call for More Hospital Help Made by a Sheriff—Sanitation of Reform School—New Doctors.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

At the meeting of the Board of Health yesterday President Cooper reported that the cabin passengers of the City of Columbia had been released from quarantine at noon Tuesday. The steamer passengers had been sent to Quarantine Island, where they will remain until a thorough investigation has been made. A general discussion regarding the plague then ensued.

Dr. Day gave the information that according to the last medical report the period of quarantine had been extended to twenty-one days in the Mediterranean ports. The greatest danger of infection is always among the steamer passengers, and medical reports always recognize the fundamental difference between the two classes of passengers.

It was moved and carried that the period of quarantine against the black plague be extended to twenty-one days from the time of arrival of infected ship or leaving of an infected port.

A discussion followed as to whether or not this provision should apply to both cabin and steamer passengers, or only to the latter. It was finally deemed best to retain the present system of quarantining both steamer and cabin.

Dr. Emerson reported that he had made an investigation of the Reform School in view of the fact that there have been several cases of typhoid fever in the institution. He found the sanitary condition in perfect order, no changes being necessary.

C. B. Reynolds called the attention of the Board to the unsanitary condition of Lahaina. The water is poor, and sections of the town are crowded with Japanese and Chinese. The secretary was instructed to write to the authorities and inquire into the condition of affairs.

The report of the slaughter house showed that 158 bullocks, 485 sheep and 165 swine had been killed since last meeting. The fish report gave a total of 56,298 fish consumed during the week.

Food Inspector Shorey reported that he had examined specimens of butter and had found that extraneous coloring matter had been used in some cases. In the milk report special attention was called to the milk sold by a certain Japanese. The specimens contained less than 9 per cent solids, and the vendor had confessed that he put two quarts of water in every gallon of milk. The Board advised that he be prosecuted at once.

The application of Dr. Charles McNulty for a license to practice was favorably considered.

A permit was granted to Father Victor to go to Molokai for one month on trial, upon recommendation of Brother Dutton of the settlement.

Recommendation was made that Dr. Schwane be granted a medical license.

Dr. C. R. Blake, of Waipahu, made application that he be appointed physician pro tem for Waianae district, made vacant by the transfer of Dr. Sandow.

Dr. Thompson, who was formerly employed with the Board of Health, and who is now in California, made application for some position under the Board. The secretary was instructed to tender Dr. Thompson the position of physician of Waianae.

A letter from Dr. Moore was read, stating that the reports regarding the typhoid fever epidemic would be sent at the end of the month. He reported that the cases of fever were decreasing.

A letter from Sheriff Andrews, of Hawaii, was read, informing the Board that additional help was needed at the Hilo Hospital. It was voted by the Board that authority be given Sheriff Andrews to employ temporary help during the prevalence of the fever epidemic.

The Board then accepted tenders for supplies for the settlement at Molokai. The following were present at the meeting:

President Cooper, Secretary Wilcox, G. W. Smith, Dr. Emerson, Dr. Day, Agent Reynolds, L. D. Kilgip.

NEW FIREPROOF MATERIAL.

A fireproof material has recently been devised, and is made of granite chips finely powdered, molded into form, and then fused together at a temperature of 3000 degrees Fahrenheit. It has a very high resistance, and is used for insulation on electric railways. It may be heated red-hot and then immersed in cold water without injury, while it will resist the action of both acids and alkalis. It has been found fireproof by tests with liquid air at a temperature of 350 degrees below zero, and it required 65,000 volts pressure to penetrate a piece a half-inch in thickness.

Mr. Tenney As Buyer.

While on the Mainland Mr. E. D. Tenney, in addition to purchasing new vacuum pans and a crusher for the Ewa mill, bought the entire outfit required for the treatment of cane in every way at the new Waialua plantation, and shipments are to be made at earliest possible dates. The mill will be supplied by the Fulton Iron Works of St. Louis, and will be about the same size as the Ewa nine-roller mill, but will have many late improvements. Mr. Tenney bought material for the Waialua plant in perhaps ten cities, including St. Louis, Chicago, New York, Cincinnati, Jersey City and Philadelphia. Mr. Tenney is recognized as one of the closest and best buyers of plantation equipment in the islands, being a practical man of long experience.

KAPIOLANI'S BODY

IS AT KAWAIAHAO.

Remains Are Brought From Pualani to the City.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The kahilis for the manifestation of mourning over the body of the dead all of Hawaii wave again in old Kawaiahao church, that venerable structure so dear to the natives and foreigners alike. The royal kahilis droop aloft. Tears are shed. The little talk there is at times in softest whispers. The church, below and in the gallery, is filled, for the most part with native Hawaiians. The chief mourners sit on either side of the bier of the late Queen Dowager. People come and go, but the faithful intimate friends and retainers are constant in their attendance.

The remains of the late Queen Dowager Kapiolani reached Kawaiahao church from Pualani, the Waikiki home a little before 2 o'clock this morning. The start had been made soon after midnight. A hearse was used. There were ten large kahilis and a score of smaller ones. The men marching numbered half a hundred. There were carriages for ladies. The torches smoked and gave dull flames and pale light.

On the steps of the church Company G, of the National Guard was drawn up in two lines in command of Capt. Charles Wilcox. The clergy to receive the cortege included Rev. V. H. Kitchin, assisted by Rev. J. F. Lane and Mr. Fliz. Six pall bearers brought the coffin up the stairway and along the central aisle to the spot so lately occupied by the casket containing the dead body of Princess Kaiulani. The ritualistic service of the Church of England was carried out most solemnly. There was soft music rendered by Organist Wray Taylor. After this the church was thrown open to all, and was soon filled with a thousand or more people remaining on the grounds outside.

Those who were seated near the bier were Princes David and Cupid, Governor Cleghorn, Prince Albert Kuniakea, Oliver Stillman, Mrs. Robertson, J. K. Kaula, Mrs. S. C. Allen, Col. Sam'l Parker, John F. Colburn, Miss Parker, Miss Kate Vida and several others.

Further decorations were being added at 3 o'clock.

The interior of the church had been beautifully decorated. The work was done under the able supervision of Mrs. S. C. Allen and Mrs. Ward, who were assisted by a number of willing workers. The space in front of the altar was enclosed by four large arches tastefully draped with the royal colors, purple and gold. In the center rose the bier covered with a heavy pall of black velvet. At the head of the space were two flower crowns, one of lilies, the other of red carnations. The chancel rail was hidden under beautiful garlands. About the organ platform palms and ferns were scattered in graceful profusion. Exquisite floral pieces met the eye on every hand. Prominent among these were two large lilya harps, a crown of the same flower, and wreaths of maile and carnations.

The entrance to the churchyard was draped in solid black, as were the pillars in front of the church. At the time of the Kaiulani obsequies these decorations were in white and black, in token of her youth.

Back From Manila.

W. T. Monsarrat, the veterinary and an employee of the Board of Health, is back in Honolulu from Manila after spending the necessary quarantine period on board the steamer City of Columbia. Dr. Monsarrat went out to Luzon on a live stock transport for the United States Government. He saw in Manila all of the Hawaiian colony and left them in good health. Col. "Jim" Sherwood is still very much alive. The doctor saw many things in and about Manila that he liked, and other things that did not impress him so favorably. Of course, he is glad to get home again. He met George Fuller, of the Manila Freedom, in Shanghai.

IT NEVER FAILS.

Mr. John Bivens, editor of the Press, Anthon, Iowa, says:—"I have used Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in my family for fifteen years, have recommended it to hundreds of others, and have never known it to fail in a single instance."

For sale by BENSON SMITH & CO., LTD., Agents for Hawaiian Islands and all Druggists and Dealers.

A CLASS OF FOUR

Quartette of Young Ladies Figure as Graduates.

IN THE ASSEMBLY HALL

Creditable Essays Read—Special Music—Address by Rev. Wm. M. Kincaid.

The commencement exercises of the class of '09, Kamehameha Girls' School, were held last evening in the assembly hall of that institution. The room was crowded with people who were anxious to be present at the exercises, showing that another class had done with its school work. The number of graduates this year is small, there being only four. They are Maria E. Mahy, Louise Aoe Wongkong, Jane Nahiwa, Ellen Rose Pearce. This class, however, enjoys the distinction of being the first to complete the full normal course of five years.

The stage presented a dainty appearance in its drapings of blue and white, the class colors. In large letters was displayed the class motto, "Whatsoever thy hand findeth to do, do it with all thy might." Programs printed in blue ink on white paper and tied with white and blue ribbon were distributed among the audience.

At 8 o'clock the girls took their places and the teachers and trustees of the institution were ushered to the stage. The program was gone through with in a most satisfactory manner. It was entirely lacking in the tedious and tiresome elements that seem to be at times an essential part of commencement exercises. The essays appealed to all because they dealt with subjects within the grasp of everybody. They brought out important points in the separate phases of a girl's life. The diction was faultless in each case, and spoke volumes for the good work of the school. Each young lady delivered her essay in a clear manner so that every word could be distinctly heard. It was a source of regret that the valedictorian, Miss Mahy, was unable to be present on account of illness. Her production on "A Girl at School" was read by Miss Helen Desha in a highly commendable manner. The singing sustained the reputation that is already possessed by the Kamehameha Girls' School. Two of the songs were composed by Miss Clymer, the teacher of music, and showed great merit.

The address of Rev. William M. Kincaid was listened to with rapt attention. He spoke on the value of having a purpose in life. A person without an aim is like a ship drifting rudderless on the ocean, without destination and with no answer to the call of "whither bound"—a veritable ship of the dead symbolized in Coleridge's "Ancient Mariner." Now in the time of youth the purpose should be formed, ere life hardens into a mold that cannot be altered. To live as near as possible the life of the Lan of Palestine, who, nineteen centuries ago walked the earth, is the highest of all purposes. Others have been great, but He is the greatest. Others have had elements of goodness, but He is the best. Achieve character and follow closely in the footsteps of the Christ.

Following is the program:

Hawaiian Hymn . . . E. A. P. Newcomb
Kamehameha School for Girls.
Invocation . . . Rev. E. S. Timoteo.
"A Girl at Home" . . . Ellen Rose Pearce.
Chorus—"The Lord Is My Shepherd" . . . Schubert
Kamehameha School for Girls.
"A Girl in Society" . . . Jane Nahiwa.
Piano Solo—"Impromptu Mazourka" . . . Violet Lima.
"A Girl at Play" . . . Louise Aoe Wongkong.
Part Songs—(a) "Peggy" . . . Neidlinger
(b) "Mother's Song" . . . Neidlinger
"A Girl at School" . . . Maria Ellen Mahy.
Chorus—"Kalaninuihahupalapa" . . . Cordella Clymer
Kamehameha School for Girls.
Address . . . Rev. William Morris Kincaid.
Presentation of Certificates.
Class Song.
Chorus—"Only Remembered" . . . Sankey
Kamehameha School for Girls.
K. G. S. Call.
Benediction . . . Rev. E. S. Timoteo.

The certificates were presented by Miss Pope, the head of the institution. In a few sincere and heartfelt words she dwelt on the pleasant life and associations of the school. Whether or not the years spent under the roof of their alma mater have been productive of the results sought for depends mostly on the graduates themselves.

"I wish I could say something that would remain with you and help you. I certainly wish you Godspeed and a life of perfect happiness."

Mourning colors are tastefully displayed at Kapiolani Maternity Home.

EX BARK W. H. DIMOND

I received a fine shipment of

Carriage Horses,
Buggy Horses,
Hack Horses.

For Sale at Reasonable Prices.

SCHUMAN'S CARRIAGE AND
HARNESS REPOSITORY.
Fort St. Above Club Stables

Strong & Garfield
SERVICEABLE
STYLISH
SHOES. . . .

A COMPLETE LINE OF THE ABOVE IN

Black and Tan and Patent Leather

Gentlemen, look to your welfare and EXAMINE our stock.

THE MANUFACTURERS' SHOE CO.
Sign of The Big Shoe.

Honolulu Tobacco Co., Ltd
Successors To

Hollister & Co.
Have received direct from Havana, by Australia of June 7th, the following Brands:

La Africana HENRY CLAY AND
BOCK & CO., LTD.
INVINCIBLES 1-40.
PREDILECTOS DE 1-40.
BISMARCK.
PERFECTOS 1-40.
HELIOTRAPAS 1-40.
VICTORIAS 1-20.
LANDRES FINOS 1-10.

Smokers' Articles.

Fine Grades SMOKING TOBACCO a specialty.

Cor. Fort and Merchant Sts. - - - Honolulu.

G. N. WILCOX, President.
E. SUMR, Secretary and Treasurer.
J. F. HACKFELD, Vice President.
T. MAY Auditor.

Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Co.
POST OFFICE BOX 484—MUTUAL TELEPHONE 467

We Are Prepared to Fill All Orders for

Artificial
Fertilizers.

ALSO, CONSTANTLY ON HAND—
PACIFIC GUANO, POTASH, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
NITRATE OF SODA, CALCINED FERTILIZER,
SALTS, ETC., ETC., ETC.

Special attention given to analysis of soils by our agricultural chemist.
All goods are GUARANTEED in every respect.
For further particulars apply to
DR. W. AVERDAM Manager, Pacific Guano and Fertilizer Company.

COPPERPLATE
PRINTING.
HAWAIIAN GAZETTE CO.

Mechanics'
Tools AND
Builders'
Hardware
AT COST!

We make this announcement in the face of a rising market.
Why? Because we want the room for other goods more strictly within our lines.

Our entire stock of
Shell Hardware
and Mechanics' Tools
will be sold at cost.

This CLEARANCE SALE will commence on TUESDAY, JUNE 20, and will continue until the entire stock is exhausted.
The goods are marked in plain figures.

You will find a few samples in our large window. The stock is on our second floor. Take the elevator. You will find a salesman in charge of this special department. Come early before other dealers buy it out.

We want our customers to get this benefit.

W. W. DIMOND & CO.
LIMITED.

—IMPORTERS OF—
Crocery, Glass, Lamps and
House Furnishing Goods.

SOLE AGENTS
"JEWEL" STOVES for coal or wood.
"GURNEY" CLEANABLE REFRIGERATORS.
NEW WICKLESS BLUE FLAME OIL STOVES.
GERM PROOF FILTERS.
"PRIMUS" OIL STOVES.

"FOR THE BLOOD IS THE LIFE."

Clarke's
Blood
Mixture

THE WORLD-FAMED BLOOD PURIFIER AND RESTORER.
IS WARRANTED TO CLEAR THE BLOOD from all impurities from whatever cause arising.
For Scrofula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, Blackheads, Pimples, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent cure.

Cures Old Sores.
Cures Sores on the Neck.
Cures Sores on the Legs.
Cures Blackheads or Pimples on the Face.
Cures Scurvy.
Cures Ulcers.
Cures Blood and Skin Diseases.
Cures Glandular Swellings.
Clears the Blood from all Impure Matter.
From whatever cause arising.
It is a real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains. It removes the cause from the Blood and Bones. As this Mixture is pleasant to the taste, and warranted free from anything injurious to the most delicate constitution of either sex, the Proprietors solicit sufferers to give it a trial to test its value.

THOUSANDS OF TESTIMONIALS OF WONDERFUL CURES
FROM ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD.

Clarke's Blood Mixture is sold in bottles 2s. 9d. each, and in cases containing six times the quantity, 12s.—sufficient to effect a permanent cure in the great majority of long-standing cases.—BY ALL CHEMISTS AND PATENT MEDICINE VENDORS throughout the world. Proprietors, THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England. Trade Mark—"BLOOD MIXTURE."

CLARKE'S BLOOD MIXTURE.

CAUTION—Purchasers of Clarke's Blood Mixture should see that they get the genuine article. Worthless imitations and substitutes are sometimes palmed off by unprincipled vendors. The words "Lincoln and Midland Counties Drug Company, Lincoln, England," are engraved on the Government Stamp, and "Clarke's World-famed Blood Mixture" blown in the bottle. WITHOUT WHICH NONE ARE GENUINE.

CASTLE & COOKE, Ltd
HONOLULU.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

SUGAR FACTORS.

—AGENTS FOR—

The Ewa Plantation Co.
The Waialua Agricultural Co., Ltd.
The Kohala Sugar Co.
The Waimea Sugar Mill Co.
The Koloa Agricultural Co.
The Fulton Iron Works, St. Louis, Mo.

The Standard Oil Co.
The George F. Blake Steam Pumps.
Weston's Centrifugals.
The New England Mutual Life Insurance Co., of Boston.
The Aetna Fire Insurance Co., of Hartford, Conn.
The Alliance Assurance Co., of Boston.

MET IN HARMONY

Bar Association is Organized Without Friction.

RESOLUTIONS ARE WITHDRAWN

Graceful Acceptance of Defeat—Touch on Political Nature—President Paul Neumann.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The legal gentlemen who are so keen to negative the provisions of the Territorial Enabling Act by which the Supreme Court Justices of Hawaii are continued in office for life and the Circuit Judges for tenure, have gracefully as possible retired from effort to use the new Bar Association in the campaign and will depend upon other local means and such steps at Washington and elsewhere on the Mainland as may be decided upon. There was little, if any surprise at all when Mr. Gear arose in the Bar meeting yesterday and stated that he wished to withdraw the resolutions offered last Saturday condemning the portion of the Enabling Act referring to the Justices and Judges. It was known very generally by the middle of the day that a canvass had settled the fate of the resolutions if they were brought before the meeting. Their defeat by a large majority was certain. In fact it was thought they might be substituted by resolutions of exactly reverse tenor and sentiment.

Mr. Gear said that he wished to withdraw the resolutions for the reason that the constitution of the Bar Association provided that it should not take part directly or indirectly in any political issue. He himself did not believe the resolutions to be within the tabu scope, but to avoid possibility of discussion he would prefer to take them back. Permission was granted by unanimous vote. Mr. Davis, who had seconded the resolutions last week, gave his consent to have them taken from the meeting. Mr. Kinney remarked that he did not wish it understood the resolutions were obnoxious by being denominated by some people as of a partisan nature. He thought them proper for consideration of the association and if they were adjudged political the course taken might prevent other resolutions, perhaps of an opposite expression on the same subject, from coming within the rules. The record reads that the resolutions were withdrawn by the gentlemen who offered them.

The officers of the Bar Association are:

President—Paul Neumann.
Vice President—S. M. Ballou.
Secretary—A. A. Wilder.
Treasurer—S. K. Kane.

F. M. Hatch was nominated for the presidency, but declined to permit consideration of his name.

A. G. M. Robertson was nominated for the vice presidency, but declined in favor of Mr. Ballou.

Dan H. Case was nominated for the secretaryship, but did not care to be a candidate on account of his duties as court stenographer.

The meeting at which the organization of the Bar Association of the Hawaiian Islands was perfected was conducted with decorum and in order. The parliamentarians had an inning and the irregularities of procedure were very few and the waste of time very little. Two or three sections of the constitution, reported by Chairman McClanahan, were discussed at some length.

A mild sensation was created by the refusal of Judge Davidson to continue as temporary president of the organization. He spoke briefly and earnestly on the subject. He said he declined to be active in the affair for the reason that he had never been a partisan and that he understood at the beginning that the society was to be a Bar Association pure and simple, without any political feature. He found the trend of actions objectionable to himself and was indisposed to alliance with a partisan affair. There was no reply to Judge Davidson. Paul Neumann was called to the chair at once, but would not make a speech. He is a good presiding officer, not lax, nor yet too strict. It was his hope that the meeting would not last too long. When Mr. Neumann was elected president he called upon Judge Davidson to make the customary address and the duty was performed in a graceful manner.

The principal item in the constitution of the Bar Association is a provision to the effect that the society is to be strictly non-political and that it shall not be used for political purposes. There are to be regular meetings every quarter.

Mr. Humphreys offered a resolution forbidding the practice of paying commissions. No action was taken on the resolution, though support was offered by many members.

The president was authorized to appoint a committee of three on by-laws, but deferred mention of the names.

Mr. Gear did not present the resolution of which he had given notice. This is another form of the petition asking the President of the United States to request his Attorney General to look into the four cases in which the Supreme Court of Hawaii has ruled that the constitution of the United States does not yet wholly apply here.

The Supreme Court room was well filled for the meeting yesterday. Those who attended were:

Messrs. Neumann, Case, A. M. Brown, Kinney, Vivas, Berry, Wood, Davis, Ballou, Henshall, Parke, Davidson, Cathcart, Kinney, Chillingworth, Marks, Holmes, Hankey, Robertson, Peterson, De Bolt, Cooper, Dole, Gear, Weber, Cecil Brown, Kane, Humphreys, Stillman, Hatch, Smith, Weaver, Armstrong, Castle, Wilder, Carter, McClanahan, Mend, Andrews, Correa, Kau-lukou, Achi, Cayless, Monarrat, Mahiae, Stewart, Prosser, Wright, Johnson.

Not the Same.

The supplying of men-o'-war at this port is not what it used to be. Commodore George Cavanagh, whose front has lost none of its rotundity, notwithstanding, remarked this down at the boat landing last evening. He recalled the arrival of the United States steamer Nipsic from Samoa after the terrible hurricane there, now over ten years ago. She had made Fanning's Island with a broken propeller, and from there the United States steamer Alert towed her to this harbor, where she was put on the marine railway and remained there for a long time repairing. She took on a big lot of stores here, and Commodore Cavanagh was the lucky bumboat man. Every man on board had \$200 in gold to his credit, and the Nipsic left plenty of money in Honolulu.

BOY AND KNIFE

Serious Stabbing Affray After a Quarrel.

One Lad Wounded By Another—There Will Probably be a Death—Assault at Large.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

Another cutting affray has occurred in Honolulu. This was last night. The victim lies at the point of death in the hospital. On his left side directly over the heart is an ugly wound, long and deep. The wrist of his left hand was seriously cut. His clothes were drenched with his own blood when he was taken to the hospital and at a late hour last night it was thought that death would result from loss of blood. In the meantime, while the victim tosses on the hospital cot, the would-be murderer is fleeing from justice. Deputy Marshal Chillingworth, with trusty aides has taken up the chase, and it will be but a short time before the knife wielder will be landed in prison.

At about 9:30 last evening an altercation took place between David Kuulei and Arthur McColgan, out near the Tramway stables in Palama. There has been a gang of young fellows there for some time which the police have intended to break up. The various members of the crowd were gathered about at the time of the row. The words grew louder. Without the slightest warning a knife blade flashed in the air. With the words "One blow is good enough for you," Kuulei buried the weapon in the breast of McColgan. Another blow was essayed and it was in warding this off that the victim's wrist was cut. With a groan and a husky whisper, "Good-bye to all," Kuulei sank to the ground. The assailant immediately jumped a fence near by and escaped under cover of darkness. While fleeing the fugitive met one of the lads who had witnessed the affray and told the latter to go back and inquire how the boy was. He had recovered from his passion and said that if "Arthur was badly hurt I will kill myself."

The above is the story told Deputy Marshal Chillingworth by a number of witnesses. Captain Spillane and Mounted Patrolman Robt. Parker were the first officers on the scene and took charge of the wounded man.

YANKEE DOODLE HOUSE.

People in Hawaii Can Contribute to its Support.

At the recent congress of the Daughters of the American Revolution held in Washington, D. C., a proposition was made to vest in the society the title to the Greenbush Manor House, or "Yankee Doodle House," situated on the east bank of the Hudson, opposite the city of Albany, upon the condition that the society would assume the care, restoration and maintenance of the house, to be kept as a repository of revolutionary relics and as a place of meeting for the society, under the charge of the New York State Chapters. The proposition was accepted with a vote of thanks. The purchase of the property for \$6,500 has been assured, but about \$3,500 is required for restoration and repairs, in addition to which an endowment fund of \$10,000 is desired to provide for the annual expenses of the property.

The movement has created widespread interest among members of the society. Money has come in from all directions. Even in Hawaii a fund has been started.

Contributions may be sent to Mrs. J. W. Gilvin.

New Internal Machine.

A new gasoline track machine has been received by the O. R. & L. Co. The one that was purchased a short time ago gave such satisfaction that another was ordered. The new one has four seats and twice the power of the first one. From its style of construction it will be almost impossible for it to leave the track and Superintendent Denison expects to get a high rate of speed out of it.

BODY IN STATE

Many Mourners Attend at the Bier of Kapiolani.

IN A ROOM AT PUALEILANI

Face Reposeful in Death—Drapery of a Royal Robe—Was the Pall of the King—Kahilis.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Between the hours of 9 and 4 yesterday the body of the late Queen Dowager Kapiolani lay in state at picturesque Pualeilani. The stream of visitors who wished to pay their last token of respect to the dead chiefess was continuous.

The home where the aili breathed her last is one of great picturesque beauty. The entrance is through a long driveway, over grass and under shady trees. The foliage is luxuriant, being scattered with lavish hand throughout the grounds that encircle the little home. The latter is plain and unadorned. No one would have thought, upon looking at it, that it was the home of one whose head had worn the crown. It is unpretentious, but it is comfortable and that was what the late dowager most wanted. A large coconut palm in front of a little two-story, latticed cottage, aged and weather beaten. This cottage was the home of Kapiolani.

Through the driveway the visitors thronged. At the entrance to the path they were met by two courteous Hawaiians, one venerable with age, the other in youth, who, with silent courtesy pointed the way to the room of death. Up the stairs another of the petty chiefs, with his insignia of rank about his shoulders, led the way.

On the second floor in the reception room reposed the mortal remains of Kapiolani. The robe of state which was worn by her when she was crowned with Kalakaua was draped about her. The face was calm and placid under the cold touch of death. The sweet, womanly dignity, that characterized the dead dowager both in public and private life, still existed and gave a lifelike appearance to her features. About her head is a piece of snowy lace, veiling with the decoration of Kalakaua. The same pall that was used at the burial of the King is being used on this occasion. The feather crests and leis that were the property of the dead Queen hang from the sides of the bier. On each side stand the four petty chiefs waving their kahilis through the changing hours. Col. Soper and Maj. Potter stood at the foot as the guard of honor. Near the head two native girls sat while they waved the feathered staffs in perfect unison. Twelve large kahilis are arranged on the sides of the room, while at the head and foot the tabu sticks guard the sacred remains.

The visitors passed through to the large reception room. Here was a wilderness of flowers and malle and ferns. A number of beautiful pieces were hung about. Among these were wreaths and harps of Ulma, maiden hair and marigolds.

Out in the yard benches were scattered about. All were filled with people talking and listening to the band. The musicians discoursed dirges throughout the day, adding to the solemnity and reverence of the occasion. At times the wall and the chant of the mele would rise up and mingle with the slow, sad melody of the band. Last night native singers sang the songs of mourning through the watches of the night. The body will not lie in state today.

Among those who viewed the remains yesterday were President and Mrs. Dole, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Sewall, Consul and Mrs. Haywood, H. B. M. Commissioner Hoare and daughter, Minister and Mrs. Mott-Smith, Attorney General and Mrs. Cooper, Chief Justice Judd, Judge Perry, Judge Stanley, Judge Hart and wife, Marshal Brown and Deputy Marshal Hifechock, Commander Merry, Col. Mills, Capt. Slaker and wife.

The remains of the late Queen Dowager will not lie in state today. Tonight the body will be brought from Pualeilani to Kawaiahao church. From noon of Friday to midnight Saturday the church will be open to the public. Sunday afternoon the funeral will be held.

The body will be borne to the grave on a catafalque such as has hitherto been used at royal funerals. This has already been built by W. W. Wright, who, with hard work succeeded in finishing it in a day. It is fifteen feet high, and the body platform is four by ten feet. It is made from hardwood.

Hawaiian Rifle Association.

A meeting of the directors of the Hawaiian Rifle Association, with President Rothwell in the chair, was held last evening. It was voted to have the mid-summer semi-annual shoot on August 12, a Saturday. All riflemen are urged to go into practice at once. A resolution was adopted tendering the use of the Association's range at Kakaio to officers of the artillery and to lease the range, if desired by the U. S. military authorities for general practice, for a nominal figure for a portion of each day—the forenoon. The Association purchased the range from the Sharpshooters and has kept it in good condition.



A WARSHIP ON THE MISSISSIPPI. Warships don't happen every day in the middle west, and consequently the trip of the cruiser Nashville up the Mississippi as far as St. Louis attracted considerable attention. Enormous crowds gathered at all the cities and towns by which Uncle Sam's son-in-law passed. Captain J. W. Bryan, a veteran steamboatman, piloted the Nashville.

HOW IT IS.

In the streets of the town where I live I sometimes meet a poor fellow who is so badly off that his appeal for a penny or two is hardly to be resisted. He has lost both his legs above the knees and punts himself along the pavement with his hands, like a loaded barge in shallow water. Thank Mercy, one doesn't often see human hulk like him. Where there is a single instance of a man having lost both legs or both arms there are a dozen where only one limb of the pair is missing. And where there is a single case of the latter sort there are a hundred cases of people who are lame, or more or less disabled, by disease or minor injuries which are scarcely noticeable, yet in the long run very serious to those so afflicted.

Consequently when we sum up both classes we perceive that it isn't the total wrecks and the incurables that are most expensive to society, but the prodigious host which must work, and does work, yet always under difficulties and against hindrances. Men and women regularly employed, but who are continually breaking down in a small way, thus losing fragments of time and fractions of wages, are of the kind I mean. The amount of income lost in this way in one year in England is immense. And so far as the cause of all this is disease, and not accident or born bodily imperfection, it is almost always preventable and generally curable. Look at this, for example, and take heart.

"In the spring of this year (1897)," the writer says, "my health began to fail me. My appetite was poor, and after meals I had pain and weight at the chest. I could not sleep owing to the pain, and I got weaker every day. I had so much pain that I dared not eat, and rapidly lost flesh."

"I was in agony night and day, and often sat by the fire at night as I could not rest in bed. I had a deal of muscular pain, particularly in the arms. I gradually got worse and worse and in two months, lost two score pounds weight."

"I saw a doctor who gave me medicines and injected morphia to ease the pain; but I was no better for it. Then I met with a friend who told me of the great benefit he had derived from the use of a medicine called Mother Sigel's Syrup. I got a bottle of it from Mr. S. Richardson, Chemist, Bridgman Street, and in a week I could eat well and food no longer distressed me. Therefore I kept on with the medicine and soon was strong and well. I am now in the best of health and recommend this remedy to all I meet with. You are at liberty to publish this letter as you like."

(Signed) William Bridge, Grocer and Baker, 65, Bridgman Street, Bolton, October 5th, 1897.

Here we have an illustration of the proposition with which this article sets out. From Mr. Bridge's account of his own case we see that he lost a considerable time from his business. How much that represents in money he does not say; nor is it important to the argument. For two months or more he lost from his business practically all he was worth to it; and what that situation would have signified, had it been indefinitely continued, any intelligent person can imagine. Men frequently become stricken with poverty as with illness in that way. However, well any business may be managed in an emergency by others, it is not to be supposed that it gets on as prosperously as when the proprietor is himself at the helm. And he cannot be there while he is suffering agonies from disease. This is true even if we make no calculation of the direct expenses created by illness, nor of the suffering experienced—the latter not computable in terms of money.

Now, please remark how quickly Mr. Bridge was cured of his ailment—bad as it seemed and really was. Dating from the time he began using Mother Sigel's Syrup, he says:—"In a week I could eat well, and the food no longer distressed me." His trouble was of the digestion only (acute dyspepsia), for which this preparation long ago proved itself a specific. Had he known of and employed it when the attack began he would have lost no time, felt no pain.

The lesson of the case is this:—As indigestion is a common complaint, and dangerous also when neglected, the remedy should be at hand for immediate use when needed. The more valuable the treasure the more strict should be the guard over it. And health is a jewel compared with which rubies are as the glass beads of savages.

EQUALITY IN ICELAND.

In Iceland men and women are in every respect political equals. The nation, which numbers about 70,000 people, is governed by representatives elected by men and women together.

NEW STEAMER IN

Addition to Fleet of the Inter-Island Co.

Made a Satisfactory Trip From San Francisco—Officers—Brought Cargo—Hawaiian Flag.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

The new Inter-Island steamer Hueneme is at Fort street wharf discharging a general cargo from San Francisco. She arrived yesterday morning and has about 400 tons of merchandise, including 1250 sacks of rolled barley, 420 sacks of bran and 181 bales of compressed hay, for C. Brewer & Co. The Hueneme sailed from San Francisco on the 17th inst., the same day as the Coptic, and brings no late news. As soon as discharged the Hueneme will be overhauled for the island trade and probably be renamed the Nihaia. She is about the same dimensions as the Kaula and is a big carrier. Capt. Victor Johnson, who commanded the Hueneme on the trip down, returns to San Francisco by the first steamer. The Hueneme was built by Bendixen at Humboldt, Cal., in 1897. Her engines were built by the Fulton Engineering and Ship Building Company of San Francisco. She is 148 feet long, 33 feet 6 inches beam and 11 feet 2 inches depth of hold. Her net tonnage is 201 tons. She had no passenger accommodations and none will be built, though the cabin accommodations will be somewhat enlarged. Capt. Johnson was assisted by D. Lee, first officer; W. Spinney, second officer, and Chief Engineer Diechman. The boat's company numbered sixteen all told.

The Hawaiian flag flies from the Hueneme, she having been granted that registry in San Francisco.

"KAM" Y. M. C. A. RALLY.

Address By Rev. G. L. Pearson and a Social Evening.

The rally and reception of the Kamehameha Y. M. C. A. was held last evening in the gymnasium of the Manual. The attendance was large, and all enjoyed the social spirit that pervaded the entire evening. There was an entire absence of formality and conventionality, and the scholars proved themselves good entertainers. The program was full of interest. Rev. G. L. Pearson's address was appropriate for the occasion, and was appreciated by all present. The different numbers were as follows:

Song Carl Ontal.
Prayer
Song, "Only Rememberer." Kamehameha Girls' School.
Remarks "Growth of Y. M. C. A. and Prospects" Mr. Penfield.
Song, "Paradise" Barnby Glee Club.
Address, "Work" Rev. G. L. Pearson.
Song, "Sweet Is the Light of Sabbath Eve" Thomas Oetette.
Song
Music, "The Red Line March"
Band Southwell.
Song, "Kuu Pua I Paokalani" Lilioukalani Glee Club.
Music, selected Mandolin Club.
Song, "Updee" Anonymous Oetette.
Song Alunni Oetette.
Baritone solo, "Heart Bowed Down" D. Neal.
ONE APPLICATION RELIEVES THE PAIN.

Mr. F. Ketcham of Pike City, Cal., says:—"During my brother's late sickness from sciatic rheumatism, Chamberlain's Pain Balm was the only remedy that gave him any relief." Many others have testified to the prompt relief from pain which this liniment affords. For sale by

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Hawaiian Gazette.

SEMI-WEEKLY.

PUBLISHED TUESDAYS AND FRIDAYS

W. N. ARMSTRONG, EDITOR.

FRIDAY JUNE 30, 1899.

KEEP IT OUT OF POLITICS.

Do the gentlemen who are promoting the organization of a Bar Association intend to keep it within the lines usually followed in making up such organization in the many States and cities, or do they intend to turn it into a political machine?

Bar Associations throughout the country stand strictly neutral in political matters. Only in maintaining the integrity of the Bench do they venture to influence legislation, and only when there is an almost unanimous feeling in favor of intervention do they venture on political ground. The line between professional and partisan obligation is not a distinct one, and it is cautiously approached. For this reason, any political action by Bar Associations is invariably spontaneous, united, and arises out of some grave crisis.

No doubt it would have been a wise thing for the judges and the lawyers to have cooperated before this time, in organizing a Bar Association. The experienced members of the Bar should have taken the lead in the matter. It is unfortunate that they have not done so. At the same time, if the younger members of the Bar take the lead, they should place the prominent men in front.

The motives of those who are promoting the organization of a Bar Association are a little open to criticism, when it appears that the chief object of this rather sudden movement is to influence Congress in its legislation regarding the retention of the present judges in office.

If there are reasons for turning the present judges out of office they existed when the Commission was in session here. But no effort was made to influence the Commission, and the Commission was informed on all sides that the present judiciary was most acceptable.

What, then, has suddenly stimulated members of the Bar to sudden hostility against the judges? Why do they propose to make up a Bar Association, and club the present judiciary with it? The proposed law of Congress, retaining the present judges in office has been before the public for some months, and there has been no opposition to it.

If the movement to get them out of office is due to several recent decisions, which are not held to be correct by some attorneys, then it is a direct blow at the independence of the judiciary. It means the dragging of the Bar Association, if formed, into the meanest kind of politics.

The Supreme Court of the United States has been denounced time and again by all sorts of people, who did not like its decisions, and a good many voluble and foolish speeches have been made in Congress about the errors of that high tribunal, but no Bar Association has ever criticized it. The Labor Unions would reconstruct that court today if they had the power to do so, but the people still have faith in its intelligence and honesty.

It would be more creditable for us to show the people in Washington that we are really an intelligent community than to fall to wrangling among ourselves; and create an impression that there are a lot of non-descripts and beachcombers, who do not trust each other, and need close outside supervision.

The members of the Bar who are recent immigrants should understand that the men who control the business of these islands do not forget that the preservation of Anglo-Saxon institutions here, during the last twenty years, has been largely due to the independence of the judges, and they will not submit quietly to see those men removed from office, who have done so much to build up this little State. The citizens of this little community must submit to the rule of democracy, but the old kamaainas will surely not forget the judicial bulwark which has protected them so long.

WOMAN'S RIGHTS.

Mr. Edmund Gosse, in the North American, discusses the "Woman's Rights" question, and the late tendency of girls to show mannishness, and cultivate athletics to an extreme. Any movement made by the crowd—and there are women who move in crowds—goes to extremes, with the usual reactions. The Woman's Rights doctrine, the natural outgrowth of the long repression of women, largely through their own ignorance, has of late developed some unusual and not desirable phases. This is due to the novelty of the situation, and the natural desire of women to run riot after their emancipation.

Mr. Gosse calls the attention of American women to the book titled "Le Role Social de la Femme," written by Madame Lempriere, which has made some sensation in Paris. She belonged to the extremist party among

the women, and was an apostle of the right of woman to wear the trousers if she cared to. But she has now become philosophical, conservative, and reasonable. She rejects the theory of the identity of men and women, but declares for their equality. They move on parallel lines, and must not come into conflict with each other. She believes in the interdependence of man and woman in the domestic life, an "interdependence of each upon the other, on all points, in all conditions, in all circumstances, being the only safe path towards practical perfection."

Madame Lempriere claims that woman is a "dispensing and organizing entity," that the mission of man is to create resources for women to organize and distribute; that woman possesses more than man, the power of social organization and distribution.

It is along these lines that the education of women should push. With woman's dominance in this direction, her control of the ballot box becomes incidental, but not the less effective. If in the evolution of a harmonious interdependence political changes are necessary, man will secure them in the common interests of both. Women may not vote, but may be the informing spirit, and directing power in the social aspects of political institutions.

In spite of the wonderful progress made in the education of young women, they remain, and will remain, in a state of arrested development for another generation. The ignorance and prejudice of the average mother of the present generation is so great in relation to the physiological side of woman's life, that it will take another generation for the young women to get rid of the false and fatal ideas regarding marriage, and woman's mission, which now cause so much suffering and unhappiness.

THE STOCK MARKET.

The disturbances in the stock market show that the organizations of stock companies, with a large capitalization, for the development of the sugar industry are not on a sufficiently broad basis.

The people in these islands, who are willing to take up some ten millions of stock in the new corporations, did not command enough ready capital to meet promptly the assessments which were inevitable. Those who had any knowledge of economic laws saw this in the beginning. Unfortunately the theory on which subscriptions to many millions of stock has been made was that "everything must go up in price." But few cared to study the situation.

The correct and safe course to be pursued in the quick development of the sugar industry was, and is, to draw the capital needed from some foreign source, which has it in abundance. The most available source is in the San Francisco money market. While that market is almost insignificant in comparison with the money markets of the Eastern States, it is near at hand, and the reputation of the value of our sugar industry is well known to many leading men who control large capital there. The only sound scheme was, to have educated the people of the coast to invest in our properties. To do this successfully required time, and the assistance of the moneyed men of the coast. They should have been invited, and persuaded, even if it took many months to do so, to come into the new plantations on "bottom figures." They would, in time, have educated thousands of investors on the coast and elsewhere to purchase shares in the new projects. The shares of these new plantations, instead of being taken up by a mere handful of people here, where the cash capital is limited, would have been taken up by thousands of people scattered over the coast. The assessable stock would have been held by people who had the means to meet the assessments. The brokers, stimulated by the expectation of profit, would have become personally interested in educating the people in the value of these properties.

As it is, thousands of capitalists and money leading institutions on the coast know nothing about these properties. They refuse to purchase them, and, what is of much more serious consequence, refuse to lend money on them. Capitalists, as a rule, are timid when they are ignorant of conditions. The development of the new plantations should have been gradual, and the most liberal terms made with the people of the Mainland. This safe, wholesome, and reasonable course, would have avoided these "short cuts" to quick fortunes, which in the end, as all experience shows, are only paths through financial graveyards in which the unfortunate dead lie thickly buried.

In attempting to do too much at first, in making bricks without straw, the community has not been as wise as it should have been. To say this, however, is only to repeat the experience of every commercial community. The real value of the plantations is one thing. To educate foreign investors so that they will have confidence and invest in them is quite a different matter.

LORD BERESFORD'S BOOK.

The "Break-Up of China," by Lord Charles Beresford, is one of the important books of the year. It treats of one of the largest national movements of the century, and the author is a man who has the respect and admiration of all English-speaking people. The Associated Chamber of Commerce of Great Britain selected him for the purpose of ascertaining and informing them about the most peculiar and industrious people with whom the British merchants have dealings, and with a people who seemed to be, from the Teutonic standpoint, politically disintegrated. In other words, Lord Beresford was sent out to observe, measure, and mark the drifting of the most stupendous derelict cut loose from its bearings and floating on the unknown political ocean.

Lord Beresford has made his report, and, as might be expected, he presents the most reliable and intelligent summing up of the matter which has yet appeared.

He believed with other intelligent Englishmen, that the one true, permanent, wise and satisfactory policy of Great Britain regarding commercial relations with China, was that of the "open door," or in other words, free trade of all nations with China. The Government of Great Britain also believed in this policy, but was opposed by Russia, Germany and France. In order to maintain it, the largest preparation for naval warfare ever made by the British, was made last year. But Great Britain needed the aid of the United States and Japan, in enforcing such a policy. Japan was ready to aid, but the United States, committed to the theory of the "shut door," or protective policy, was not ready to assist her. The mass of the American people, represented in the Senate of the United States by men who failed to give a two-thirds vote in favor of the annexation of Hawaii, were, as they still are, inclined to keep their faith in the "shut door." Great Britain, unsupported by the United States, finally accepted terms from Russia, which gives to her the vast basin of the Yangtze, and divides up the rest of China among the different "spheres of influence." Lord Beresford regrets exceedingly that the United States failed to stand by the English in this momentous affair. He does not understand the humors of democracy. The orators of the Republican party mounted the dry goods boxes on the street corners and frantically pointed to the Star of Empire, but when the English said, "Suppose you follow the star," they replied, "It is impracticable."

Neither the Republicans nor the Democrats in Congress dared to give active support to any open-door policy in the Orient, and when the President asked Congress to strengthen the navy, in order to enforce our dealings with other nations, especially in the Orient, the naval force was deprived of several thousand men, by a stingy committee.

On the other hand, it must be said that the foreign policy of the United States is the evolution of a democracy, and it cannot be expected that the average American voters, made up of men who live in "dugouts" on the Arkansas River, or men who swarm in the tenement houses of the cities, and men who have been educated in the schools and colleges, will or can agree on a far-reaching foreign policy. It is a matter of growth.

Lord Beresford gives much valuable information about the Chinese. He says that they are not overtaxed, but that only one-fifth of the revenue paid by the people is applied to public use. The other four-fifths is taken by the officials. Lord Beresford says the Chinese are not effete and past saving. The merchants are honest, and the people are, also, honest and industrious; "sound to the core," he says. They suffer from a traditional and rotten system of government.

He believes that if Great Britain, with the aid of the other nations, would reorganize the military and police system of the country, as Sir Robert Hart has organized the customs service, the Chinese would, in time, take the form of a compact nation.

The division of China, through the action of Russia, and the indifference of the United States, must result in different "spheres of influence," which for the time being, will tend to prevent any desirable national movement. The danger is, Lord Beresford says, that the people of China, realizing the weakness of their own rulers, will fall into rebellions and insurrections, and peace, in that event, can only be established by the blood and iron policy of the Occidental nations.

THE BAR ASSOCIATION.

The remarkable increase in the number of lawyers, doctors, and preachers, in the islands, marks the rapid changes in our growth.

Old Sir Thomas Browne said that "these three professions were founded on the Fall of Man," and could not have existed before Adam and Eve

needed moral advice and medicine, and Cain needed a lawyer to defend himself in a murder case.

Judging from the large number of professionals here, the Fall must have been a heavy one in these tropical parts, and the thud of it startling. It is clearly not for their interests to restore the purity of the Garden of Eden, as it would take the bread out of their mouths, as a class they should be profoundly grateful that the "Fall" occurred and gave them an opening for business.

The lawyers have now organized themselves into a Bar Association, and it will be a most excellent body for superintending and watching legislation. It must not be understood that it is at all in the nature of a trust, because lawyers dislike trusts, and prefer cash. While the law is always uncertain, and the way judges will decide a case is, in many cases, a "toss up," the certainty of the fee should remain the unchanging foundation upon which the profession stands.

Dr. Johnson said the lawyers were only actors, who assumed different characters, as they were paid to assume them, and when they closed their parts they changed their clothing and waited for new engagements, so that a lawyer's wardrobe was the most diversified in the world. But in all time, they have faithfully and most diligently acted their parts, with gain to their clients and security to society.

The Hawaiian Bar Association has elected excellent officers. In the ancient Scotch churches, when a deacon was elected, he was furnished with a long pole, with which he could reach and prod the sleepy, the irreverent, and the riotous members of the congregation. The Association has now put in the hands of President Paul Neumann a pole with which to reach the delinquent members of the Bar, and compel them to maintain the dignity of the Association. Perhaps this office is only a stepping stone. "First, a terrapin—then a cherubim," says the old chronicle. What shall be the next evolution, the Bench or the Governorship? or, has the genial president a new plantation "up his sleeve," which the Association will cordially assist in promoting?

The Bar Association should make a strong effort to secure a good library. It would be of great service to the younger members, who cannot afford to own many books. By co-operating with the judges, the Government law library might be made more valuable, and better arrangements secured for consulting the books.

THE BISHOP OPPOSES.

The Bishop of Honolulu, like the darkey who was never happy unless nagging his mule, has again been pouring sand into the machinery of the English Church.

In the Diocesan Magazine he says he is willing to turn the Anglican Church over to the American Church, provided the American Church will do what he asks them to do. He expects and demands that the American Church will maintain a Bishop here, and if it won't agree to do that, and incorporate the See of these islands with the Bishopric of California, he will not permit, if he can help it, the transfer of the Anglican Church property to the American Church. Even if this territory is American, he will dictate to the American Church what it must do, although the authorities of the Established Church in England do not agree with him. While it is no affair of his what the American Church may do in these islands, he intends to make a fight up to the last moment. He even censures the Society for the Propagation because it does not agree with him.

Of course, the property of the Anglican Church will be duly transferred to the American Church. What, then, will the Bishop do? How will he get even with these great churches that won't take his advice?

Since Signor Marconi has sent messages through the air on electrical or etheral waves, by the use of the cells of an ordinary galvanic battery, and without wires, the question is again raised whether or not messages cannot be passed through space, for great distances, from brain to brain, without any physical communication.

If the Bishop is knocked out of his high office here by the American Church, there is no reason why he should give up his mission of being an Apostle of Discord in these islands. Let him choose an elevated point on this island, as Marconi would choose one, one of the peaks of the Waialeale range, for instance, and there, alone, with malicious pleasure precipitate brain waves of hatred and reproach, by day and night, upon the wicked members of the Second Congregation, and its sympathizers. Mr. James Knowles says that even at a distance of 2000 miles, one person may convey a distressing thought to another through brain waves. Placing himself on the Waialeale range, the Bishop may be able to discharge, through these brain waves, his campaign.

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Hood's Sarsaparilla is prepared by experienced pharmacists of today, who have brought to the production of this great medicine the best results of medical research. Hood's Sarsaparilla is a modern medicine, containing just those vegetable ingredients which were seemingly intended by Nature herself for the alleviation of human ills. It purifies and enriches the blood, tones the stomach and digestive organs and creates an appetite; it absolutely cures all scrofula eruptions, boils, pimples, sores, salt rheum, and every form of skin disease; cures liver complaint, kidney troubles, strengthens and builds up the nervous system. It entirely overcomes that tired feeling, giving strength and energy in place of weakness and languor. It wards off malaria, typhoid fever, and by purifying the blood it keeps the whole system healthy.

Hood's Sarsaparilla
Is the best—in fact the One True Blood Purifier. Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5.

Hood's Pills cure all Liver ills and Sick Headache, etc.

tankerness into the souls of the Second Congregation, so as to make their lives a burden. Possibly he might be able to put Satan under a Hawaiian penal contract for labor, and obtain his valuable assistance in making things unpleasant. As a matter of fact, Satan has more to learn from the Bishop in fomenting trouble in a community, than the Bishop has to learn from Satan.

However, it will be a red letter day when the transfer takes place, as it must, and the triumphant voice of the Second Congregation will exclaim, with the hero in the play, who triumphs over the dark villain, "Folled at last!"

THE SUSPENSION OF LAW.

A "Subscriber," living on Maui, asks if President McKinley has deliberately violated the Constitution of the United States in suspending the enforcement of the election laws.

Whether he has or has not, is not a vital question at present. It might, however, become an important question, if Congress refused to legislate on Hawaiian matters during the next session. The probabilities are that the necessary legislation will be passed.

The Advertiser stated that by Joint Resolution, the municipal laws of Hawaii become laws of the United States, and these laws require an election. There is no power whatever given to the President to suspend them, even if they are useless, provided they do not conflict with the Constitution or the Resolution. As no one claims that they conflict, they are in force apparently.

The reasons for the President's action are not published. They may be good ones. An election is not desirable. If Congress should fail to pass an organic act, there would be some trouble in the local administration, but there would be a way opened for removing it.

A LOT OF SIGNATURES.

Upon the death of Regina Dixon, which occurred recently at the age of 111 years, in South Hungary, her relatives inserted this notice in the local paper: "Filled with grief, we inform all relatives and friends of the decease, on the 29th of last month, of our beloved mother, mother-in-law, grandmother, great-grandmother, great-great-grandmother." This was signed by three sons, two daughters, two sons-in-law, three daughters-in-law, thirty-five grandchildren, ninety great-grandchildren, twelve of the fourth generation and three of the fifth.

WATERPROOF.

The experiments made by M. Berthier of Paris have resulted in the discovery of a simple method of imparting to clothing fabrics the quality of repelling water and yet admitting air for ventilation, the basis in this case being the use of wool which still contains the animal grease. Tests were made with lanoline, a product of the purification of this animal grease, deprived of soap and acid fat and made neutral. The results were very favorable, and the impermeable effect was secured by a mixture of ten to twenty grams of lanoline to 1000 dissolvent, this spreading itself rapidly in the tissue and evaporating quickly; the impermeability of the material is insured either by dipping it in the mixture for a few moments and then wringing out, or by applying it with a sponge to the surface, the last process being the more economical, but not so satisfactory as the first. It appears that material thus treated is healthy, the tissue is not clogged, the weight is not increased and it dries rapidly in the open air.

Chas. Schormerhorn, late of the First California Regiment, says that Mr. Smith, now manager of the Seaman's Club here, was regarded in Manila by high officers as having performed signal service for the United States forces by acting as a secret agent.

ENGLISH OPINION ON THE FILIPINOS.

(London Army and Navy.)

So it seems that the Spaniards, though wrong about many things, were not far out in their estimate of what would happen to the Americans in the Philippines. They said that when the wet season came round, the new masters of the islands would find that they had won all the battles, but that the Filipinos had won the campaign. This seems to be pretty much what has happened. After a long string of engagements, in which Aguinaldo and his men have been constantly beaten, and the Americans have been steadily advancing, the second have found that they had to evacuate most of the places they had occupied, while the first are back in the position in which they were when the fighting began. Now, put it as you please, this is failure, and it promises badly for the future. The American Government has been told by its generals that 100,000 men will be needed to occupy the archipelago effectually, and the estimate seems by no means excessive.

In the meantime it appears as if virtue had a good deal to do with making trouble for the Americans. They have tried to put a stop to gambling and cock fighting in Manila, and have also set about enforcing cleanly habits of the people. This last effort is highly to their credit, and will ultimately be for the good of everybody; but it is also no doubt most trying to the temper of the Filipinos for the moment. When people have been accustomed since time immemorial to the indescribable habits of the natives and their Spanish masters in sanitary matters, it is grievous to be reformed by order all at once. As for gambling and cock fighting, no doubt they are bad vices, though our ancestors of the eighteenth century contrived to make both of them consistent with a great deal of success in war and commerce and colonization. But to prohibit them to a Manila man is as if one were to forbid the inhabitants of London to drink beer, sing music hall songs, or bet on football matches. The Filipino's chief joy in life is cock fighting. He carries his fighting cock about under his arm. It is the friend and honor of the family. To prevent him from setting it to fight (which, after all, the cock enjoys every bit as much as his master) no doubt appears to the poor Filipino in the light of a cruel oppression. Speaking seriously, an interference with the established habits of a people is almost always injudicious. Macaulay has said that if James II had carried out his scheme of shutting the London coffee houses, he would probably have precipitated the rebellion, for the irritation caused by an act of tyranny is not always proportionate to its dignity. It is really very probable that a good deal of help which has given to Aguinaldo from within Manila is due to irritation at this interference, which is at any rate "very previous." The Americans ought to have waited till they were masters of the country before they began reforming the natives. If we had begun in this style in India, the conquest of the country would have been a far more serious business than it was. We waited for a long while before we prohibited "suttee," which, after all, is much more barbarous than cock fighting.

Be the causes of the Filipino resistance what they may, it is tolerably plain that unless the Americans go very seriously to work, they stand a fair chance of burdening themselves with another version of the Dutch war in Acheen. This miserable business has dragged on for twenty-five years, because the Dutch will not make a proper effort and occupy the country with a sufficient permanent garrison.

A NEW OCEAN FLYER.

A New York Italian has invented what is called a sea train and is said by the New York World to be negotiating with the Italian Government for a test of its merits. Dry batteries will be used, and the electrical propelling machinery is specially constructed for lightness of weight and tensile strength. The shell is to be of the finest steel and aluminum, each part weighed carefully before being fitted into place to secure exact results. The displacement will thus be reduced to a minimum, the idea prevailing all through the construction being that lightness will conduce to speed fully as much as power, for great power in the usual ship indicates great weight and a corresponding retardation. The inventor says he will not, however, sacrifice any needed power by reducing the weight of the propellers. A deep centerboard will give steadiness to the craft in all kinds of weather.

As a passenger ship the vessel will have a speed of from sixty to 100 miles an hour, floating easily on the surface and utilizing all its energies for speed. Safety is secured in the use of two pilot-houses, one above the other. The lower one is for the navigator and the upper for the lookout. The construction will provide an inside promenade and quarters which will be impervious to the attacks of the heaviest seas.

AT THE SAME TIME

HE SEES PLACES

Allan Herbert Spies Out Spots for Small Farmers.

VISIT IN KOOLAU DISTRICT

What Dr. Carter is Accomplishing at Hauula—Proposals for Disposition of Public Lands.

Below is a copy of a report made by Allan Herbert to Minister King on a visit to the Koolau districts of this island. Mr. Herbert is one of the agricultural commissioners:

Rapid as has been the development on this, or west side of Oahu, the great resources of the thousands of acres of rich land for twenty miles or more between Kahuku and Waikane yet remain almost untouched.

Our Government and people should build, own and operate a railroad from Kahuku to Honolulu via Kalia valley.

In the early 70's the writer spent a day in this valley with the late Sir Wiley Thompson, naturalist and chief of survey of H. M. S. Challenger, and he suggested that by running an open cut on the Honolulu side into the pali at the head of the valley the tunneling would be short, by an easy grade up the valley and through the pali.

Ahuanu, Kaneohe and Heala could be reached in less time than to Pearl City. Thousands of happy homes could then be made along this road for thirty miles or more. No one man should be allowed to hold more than from five to fifty acres of Government land. A limit that a selection may hold should be so fixed as to encourage a desirable class of small farmers, who, when not engaged in work connected with their little farms, should be employed, as far as possible, on co-operative road work in their neighborhood. By such roads under Government control we could have our dairy products from Ahuanu. At Hauula Dr. Carter could load one car every day in the year from his land, and the hundreds of little homes could send fruit and vegetables, for which we have an ever increasing and firm demand, by our shipping in particular.

By this method of dividing up the land in small sections land speculation would be made unprofitable. We all know that the farmer uses land for production and the speculator for exploitation.

HAUULA, KOOLAULOA.

Here we find in Dr. A. B. Carter a successful cultivator of the soil. Two years ago he purchased the homestead of the late W. C. Lane, 100 acres. Most of this land was then covered with hou and lantana. Today this land is under cultivation. The warm side, near the sea, is planted with tomatoes, chili, corn, beans, peppers and other standard vegetables. On the hill sides are twelve acres in Samoan lime trees and several acres in papayas. Dr. Carter says his 100 acres of land nets him now \$150 dollars per acre. He has twenty-five acres in rubber, coffee, cocoa, bananas, pineapples, vanilla, tobacco, cotton, corn, beans and chilis as well as swine and poultry breeding.

The papaya is a great favorite of the Doctor. The juice is easily prepared. The unripe fruit has to be scarred or lined some one-fourth of an inch deep with a sharp knife daily, and the juice caught and dried upon sheets of glass, when it becomes at once a marketable commodity. The active principle in the papaya is in much esteem as a medicinal agent. Even the leaves are hung up and dried in the shade and sent to Europe for medical purposes. The pulp, seed and small fruit of the papaya is fed to pigs and poultry. Dr. Carter says one acre of papaya will feed and fatten ten hogs.

Tomatoes not sent to Honolulu market are made into catsup and favorite cream of pepper. A valuable oil is made from the kukut nut. The nut is steamed, cracked and the oil extracted. The shell is used as fuel to generate steam. The gathering of this nut gives employment to a number of natives, men, women and children.

Dr. Carter says his 100 acres of land nets him \$150 a year now and that in two years more he will bring it up to \$500 per acre. Among other steps taken to accomplish the best results is the manufacturing on the place of canned and preserved fruits and vegetables in glass and otherwise. The excellency of our tomatoes and peppers has been amply demonstrated.

GOVERNMENT LAND AT HAUULA.

On 1576 acres the lease expires in 1904. This tract of rich agricultural land extends from the sea to the top of the mountain ridge. It is about a mile wide at the sea where the Government road crosses the land. The soil is very rich with abundant supply of water from the streams which are running nearly throughout the year. This land is under lease to a lot of natives, and only a small portion cultivated. Present is in a good state of preservation. We suggested to the natives that they surrender their lease, on condition that they be allowed to take up small homesteads (kulekule) on the 50 years leasehold plan. Our Government could then fence off say 2000 in forest, plant 500 acres in coconut palm the way and give the natives 576 acres as homesteads of the best valley land.

Waikane, in the same district, 100 acres, lease expires in one year from September next. This rich land is under lease from the sea, where the land is

about a mile wide, we are told, to a narrow point half way up the mountain ridge, and is three and a half miles from Kahuku plantation in an easterly direction. On this land is a large fish pond and a lot of taro patches fed from springs.

To Corporation Control.

The Orpheum management changes hands today. This popular playhouse has been leased to a hui at the head of which is J. B. Cohen. These latter have incorporated, and all the stock has already been subscribed for. There will be no changes in the personnel of the company. Mr. Desky has succeeded in establishing the house on a good paying basis, and now feels that he can devote himself to his other interests.

In the Drill Shed.

The Fourth of July ball will take place in the drill shed next Tuesday evening. The tender was made yesterday by Minister Mott-Smith and Col. Jones, and was accepted by the committee. The band will be in attendance.

THAT BEAR PLAN

Manipulators Fail to Keep Kihei at Bed Rock.

Course of the Market—Raid on Olua. Hitting Waiwala—Assessables—About Oahu.

"It is extremely doubtful if any more Kihei is sold at \$10. But it is the expectation of the bear hui to buy today at \$10 and even less.

"There will be interruption today of one of the boldest manipulations ever undertaken on any stock market and the first one of magnitude so far undertaken here."—Yesterday's Advertiser.

The Advertiser's bear scheme expose was the talk of the street and the talk of the town. All readers, and the dealers who were in the dark before saw at once how easily and neatly Kihei had been hammered down with 600 shares properly placed and offered in the right way. There was search for the parties to the transaction of 1000 shares at par—\$10—but neither seller nor buyers were inclined to publish their business. Kihei closed at \$12 bid. This was the ruling price, though thirty shares were sold at \$11.75.

The raid on Olua continues, with buyers wary. It closed at \$1 bid and \$1.25 asked. The ruling price was \$1.12 1/2. The face value is \$2. The latest report on Olua is that a quantity of the assessable has been sent from Hilo to be sacrificed. This particular stock was taken in exchange for land.

The security hardest hit yesterday was Waiwala assessable. It is 30 per cent paid and when only 20 per cent paid sold as high as \$120 a share. It closed yesterday at \$90.50 bid and \$92.50 asked, with a downward tendency.

It is figured that owners of assessable stocks are liable for in the neighborhood of \$1,000,000 in cash during the coming ninety days. The conservatives say that in the course of this period there will certainly be some bargain days.

A vital question on assessables has been raised. It is this: Is the original subscriber liable for assessments when he has sold the stock, but when there is no transfer on the books of the company? There is a large amount of stock afloat in this condition. Some of the subscribers say the subscriber is liable; others that the holder is liable—that liability follows the certificate instead of attaching to the original buyer. There is no end of nervousness on the subject. Differences are imminent.

In the article of yesterday on the bear manipulation there was a reference to Oahu, which has been questioned, and which should be explained. The stock was included in the list of securities that had been disturbed by the speculations, forced sales, etc. "It remains firm at about the price of a fortnight ago," was the language used. This is understood and accepted by those who have followed the stock, and it has a tremendous following. Review: Oahu was \$285, \$290 and \$295 when it was learned on the one day, that it was being bought for coast people, and that there was to be an increase of capital, with a stock dividend. This caused a flurry. One broker is known to have had an order to buy regardless. The stock went to \$315 at a single session of the Honolulu Exchange. The boom was on. It reached \$340, but only four shares were sold at that figure. Blocks—not large—changed hands at \$335. Considerable was sold at \$330. From this last quotation there was a gradual return, without prevailing before receipt of the news from the coast and from the directors here. The closing yesterday was \$300 bid and \$307.50 asked, which the careful ones consider too much. Thirty-two shares were sold yesterday through brokers at \$294.

"The fact is," said a solid man yesterday, "that money is getting tight. The assessables will go still lower. The gilt-edged ones will not drop in sympathy, but some of them will go down when holders of gilt-edged and assessable are forced to sacrifice the established securities to get money to meet assessments."

There are out for the wedding of Miss Louisa Marshall and Frank Hoke to take place July 31st at the home of the bride.

IN THE CABINET

Government to Take Possession of a Wharf.

Will Re-Lesse it to a Company—Waterfront Ownership—Pardons—New Power Source.

(From Thursday's Daily.)

At the Cabinet meeting yesterday morning the matter of the O. R. and L. Co. wharf was brought up. A report was read in which the decree recently handed down by the Supreme Court is noted. Minister King was instructed to carry out the plans of the Government as they were set forth in the notification sent to the railroad company two years ago. He will immediately take over the property, after which it will be again leased to the railroad company. The point involved is absolute Government ownership of the water front.

Applications from Hering and Freitas, two men who are serving time on the reef, were read and continued over.

A report was read from Superintendent Rowell and Engineer Buck regarding the utilization of the Waiwala water supply by the Government for light and power in Honolulu. No action was taken on the report, which was as follows:

"The main stream divides into two branches at a point about 1000 feet above the ditch head. The south branch is called Halona and the north branch Waiwala. There are also a number of small feeders coming from the pali on either side. We ascended the south branch to an elevation of 744 feet at the foot of a fall which was estimated to be 75 feet high, making the elevation at the top of the fall the same as that of the highest point reached on the south branch.

"The flow was measured with a V weir at points so near the heads of the respective streams that it will be safe to call the amounts the available flow at the heads.

The distances were taken from the map, are only approximate, but a liberal allowance for length has been made in the estimate of cost of pipe.

"The ditch head is the point where the main irrigating ditch leaves the stream. Above this point only a very small quantity of water is used for irrigating, so that piping the water from the falls and developing the power at this point will in no way interfere with any irrigating privileges.

	Feet.
Elevation of ditch head	140
Elevation of Halona falls	820
Elevation of top of Waiwala	820
Available head of both streams above ditch head	680
Flow in south branch (cubic feet per sec.)	3.27
Flow in north branch (cubic feet per sec.)	1.63
Total	4.9
Horse Power	250

"Allowing a loss of 36 per cent in developing and transmitting to Honolulu leaves an available horse power of 160.

"This will be sufficient for 160 arc lights, or, if applied to pumping water and used during 20 hours each day will save the consumption of 128 tons of coal per month or 1536 tons per year.

"The distance from the ditch head to the junction of the streams is 1000 feet; from the junction to Halona Falls, 2400 feet; from the junction to Waiwala Falls, 2400 feet.

"Estimating for a 12-inch pipe from the power station to the junction to the stream heads the cost of installation will be as follows:

Pipe system	\$21,000
Power station	7,000
Line to Honolulu	8,000
	\$36,000

COST OF PIPE.	
Interest on capital at 8 per cent	\$ 2,880
Running expenses power line per year	2,420
	\$ 5,300

COMPARED WITH STEAM POWER.	
1536 tons of coal at \$7.50	\$10,752
Water power as above	5,300
Net value per annum	\$ 5,452
Per month	450

"If the power should be used for street lighting during the night it could still be used for pumping or other work for 10 hours during the day.

"Estimates of cost of installation have not been made in minute detail but they are liberal and we believe, quite safe.

"Respectfully submitted,
W. E. ROWELL,
Superintendent Public Works
STEARNS BUCK,
Government Electrician.

DR. J. H. RAYMOND.

Local Man Called to Chicago University Chair.

Dr. J. H. Raymond, one of the leading practitioners of the city, left yesterday for the coast. His arrangements for departure were made very hurriedly, he having been summoned by the Alameda mail of last week. Dr. Raymond is called to San Francisco by the famous surgeon, Dr. Nicholas Senn, who is now delivering the Lane course of lectures in the Cooper Medical Institute. Dr. Senn has long been regarded as one of the foremost surgeons of the world. He gave up a practice estimated at from \$50,000 to

\$75,000 a year to go into the United States forces during the war with Spain, and is said to be now a candidate for the Governorship of Illinois. Dr. Senn is the bearer of an offer to Dr. Raymond to accept a chair in the medical department of the great University of Chicago. Dr. Raymond came to these Islands from Chicago, and naturally feels highly elated or complimented to receive the call which is in the hands of his old friend Dr. Senn. Dr. Raymond will talk the matter over with Dr. Senn, and then, returning to his Honolulu home, will decide upon accepting or declining the Chicago position. The people of Honolulu would be extremely sorry to lose Dr. Raymond and his wife.

EXERCISES FOR FOURTH

Best of Singing—Hunt for Speakers Still On.

Annis Montague Turner has had the goodness, with her usual grace, to agree to sing on the occasion of the literary and musical exercises at the Opera house on the Fourth of July. The lady is not only Hawaii's most popular vocalist, but is a singer of international fame. She has a thoroughly trained and tried voice of great range and of the most sympathetic and expressive quality. It will be keen pleasure to all to hear her sing on the Fourth.

President Dole has thought it best to decline to speak publicly on the Fourth, or, as he expresses it, to beg to be excused this time. This will interfere with the plan to have the President, Mr. Sewall, P. C. Jones and one other gentleman speak for the exercises.

It has been suggested to the members of the committee on literary exercises that they look to the pulpit for an orator for the day. There is no more patriotic American or better speaker on an appropriate theme than, for instance, Rev. William Morris Kincaid. He has preached a number of sermons that would answer first rate for Fourth of July orations, and it may be that he will consent to accept the office. Another good man is the Rev. G. L. Pearson, of the First Methodist Church. He is an excellent platform speaker, and is intensely American.

The committee is to have a meeting today and it is likely that adjournment a speaker for the Fourth will be announced.

CHICAGO'S CLAIM.

Police Census Indicates a Population of Over 2,000,000.

CHICAGO, June 16.—"The population of the city of Chicago has passed the 2,000,000 mark, and, according to the latest police census, numbers 2,083,942."

These were the words of Sergeant A. T. de Long, who is in charge of the Bureau of Records, and shows a general increase in Chicago's population of 200,000 over the official census submitted by Chief of Police Kiple in December, 1898.

"We have not made a house-to-house canvass," explained Sergeant de Long. "We simply give the approximate number compiled by the police sergeants of various precincts."

The number is utilized by the Police Department in making disposition of its patrolmen. In the more densely populated districts the estimate is formed by a strict record of new arrivals and departures, the tearing away of old buildings and the erection of more capacious quarters and their probable increase or decrease of inhabitants, as the case may be.

Statisticians regard these police returns as reliable. Practically all of Chicago's 3000 policemen gathered them and each man knows his own beat and the people on it.

No Horse Races.

It was stated by an official yesterday that the Jockey Club had practically abandoned its project for a race meeting on July 4th. Mr. Rodeik has either sold his horses or taken them away. The Wilson-Cunningham string has been taken from the track. A number of other owners have removed their stock from the radius of starting possibility. The Jockey Club people are of the belief that it would not be possible to have a successful meet on July 4th, and therefore will not attempt anything. There will be a match race on the Fourth between Antidote and Amarino. It will be a mile dash for \$500 a side. Durfee is training Amarino, and the new owner is handling Antidote.

IT CURED HER COUGH.

I was seriously afflicted with a cough for several years, and last fall had a more severe cough than ever before. I have used many remedies without receiving much relief, and being recommended to try a bottle of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, by a friend, who, knowing me to be a poor widow, gave it to me. I tried it, and with the most gratifying results. The first bottle relieved me very much and the second bottle has absolutely cured me. I have not had as good health for twenty years. I give this certificate without solicitation, simply in appreciation of the gratitude felt for the cure effected. Respectfully, Mrs. Mary A. Beard, Florence, Ark. For sale by BENSON SMITH & CO., LTD., Agents for Hawaiian Islands and all Druggists and Dealers.

AN OLD SCHOOL

Successful Closing Exercises at Lahainaluna.

Excellent Work of Classes in English—Advanced Studies—Addresses by Judge and Others.

(Contributed.)

The program for the closing exercises of Lahainaluna school June 24, was carried out extremely well with the exception of the toasts by D. Kapohakimohema and George Hayselden, both of whom were unfortunately compelled to be absent.

Of the class exercises that in E. English by Principal Abbott was perhaps the most interesting to the audience. It was the development of a story in the German method, and the class aroused much interest by their keen and thoughtful statements of the possibilities. The B Algebra under Mr. Topie, lately from California, and the C Geometry under Miss F. P. Rosecrans, the vice principal, each elicited much praise for promptness and correctness of work.

Of the toasts the best were "Our Aims," by Mr. C. E. Rosecrans, who is just back from the coast, and "What Lahainaluna Will Do," by Judge Kalua, who came over from Waialua to attend the examinations.

Mr. Rosecrans laid great stress upon the spirit of the school, pointing out that the first purpose of a school must be to develop character. Next, that what is wanted in the education of Hawaiians is what is best expressed by the homely word "gumption," which includes enterprise, determination and ability to adapt means to the end in hand. He claimed that Lahainaluna has been preeminently successful in cultivating both of these, giving instances of the latter in the repair of machinery in the ice factory and the printing office.

Judge Kalua's speech was at the same time inspiring and amusing. He recalled the time when he sat in a corner of the old dining room which he pointed out, the poorest of poor boys, dressed in a white cotton shirt and a pair of pants made of ticking, fastened at the top by a string, like a tobacco pouch. He attributed much of his success in life in the training he had received from Lahainaluna, his Alma Mater, and that in spite of the fact that he learned no English there. If he had had such a training in English as the boys who had spoken that morning he would have been able to speak English as well as their principal himself.

Taking up the aims of the institution Judge Kalua said that what we need is men who can think for themselves, not men who will say "yes" when told to say "yes," or "no" when told to say "no." He thought the training the Lahainaluna boys were receiving was making such men of them.

Judging from the past, more especially the past few years, in which printing press, ice machine, electric lights, a renewed dining hall, and a new shop had been added, he thought Lahainaluna was destined to do even more in the future than she had done in the past.

The exercises took up the entire day from 9 in the morning. A large number of people were present.

A rainfall of two inches has been reported from Honokaa plantation, but the report did not cause a material advance in the plantation stock on the local market.

Down Again

In prices is the market for flour and feed, and we follow it closely. Send us your orders and they will be filled at the lowest market price. The matter of 5 or 10 cents upon a hundred pounds of feed should not concern you as much as the quality, as poor feed is dear at any price.

We Carry Only the Best.

When you want the Best Hay, Feed or Grain, at the Right Prices, order from

CALIFORNIA FEED CO.

TELEPHONE 121.

CHAS. BREWER & CO.'S New York Line.

The bark "Nuanu" will leave New York on or about July 15th, 1899, for Honolulu.

Advances made on shipments on liberal terms. For further particulars, address Messrs. CHAS. BREWER & CO., 27 Kilby street, Boston, or C. BREWER & CO., LTD., Honolulu Agents.

CLARK'S 841 PILLS Are warranted to cure all cases of constipation, biliousness, indigestion, headache, neuralgia, etc. Each box contains 841 pills. Price 25 cents. Sold by all druggists. The Clark's 841 Pills Co., New York, N.Y.

Nothing So Bracing

—AS—PURE AIR

Everyone enjoys it; your health depends upon it. You can just as well have it as your prudent neighbor. Old and young alike endorse it.

DISINFECTINE

With the heat of summer comes the foul and disease producing air from the cesspool, vault and cellar. You must be on your guard against the accumulation of trash, garbage, etc.; it is dangerous to have around.

INSURES

No skill is required to have the air about your home pure. The cost is trifling and effect is wonderful. Disinfectine as prepared by us will serve the purpose.

PURE

We have it prepared in quantities to supply any or all demands. We will deliver to your home, if within the city limits, a trial bottle at 25 cents. Don't neglect to order a bottle at once.

AIR.

Those who are familiar with the article order it by the gallon, which proves beyond all doubt that it is the proper thing.

Manufactured only by

HOLLISTER DRUG CO.

SOLE AGENTS.



POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED

WILL CURE YOUR COUGH.

ALL THE WORLD OVER, THE HONOLULU COUGH REMEDY. Its importance is throughout the world indicated by the testimonials.

UNSOLICITED TESTIMONIALS. The Dean of Westminster's Hospital writes: "I have examined the Balsam of Aniseed, and I find it to be a most valuable remedy for coughs, colds, and allaying irritation and giving strength to the voice."

London, England, Dec. 1898. "I think it is an invaluable medicine for men, women, and children, and have always recommended it to my brother and sister ailments."

Mr. Thomas Henson, Chemist, London, writes: "I have examined the Balsam of Aniseed, and I find it to be a most valuable remedy for coughs, colds, and allaying irritation and giving strength to the voice."

Loosens the phlegm immediately. Night cough quickly relieved. See TRADE MARK AS ABOVE ON EACH BOTTLE.

See the words "Thomas Henson, Chemist, London," on the Government Stamp.

Refuse Imitations. Established 1824. SQUATTERS AND FARMERS WHEN ORDERING THEIR STORES SHOULD NOT BE THIS TIME-MONUMENTED COUGH REMEDY.

FOR A COUGH. POWELL'S BALSAM OF ANISEED. FOR ASTHMA, INFLUENZA, &c.

SOLD BY CHEMISTS AND STOREKEEPERS THROUGHOUT THE AUSTRALIAN, NEW ZEALAND, AND CAFE COLONIES. Bottles 1s. 3d., 6d., and 3d.

Agents for Hawaiian Islands: HOLLISTER DRUG CO., LTD., BENSON, SMITH & CO., HOBSON DRUG CO.

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY

The Famous Tourist Route of the World.

In Connection With the Canadian-Australian Steamship Line Tickets Are Issued To All Points in the United States and Canada, via Victoria and Vancouver.

MOUNTAIN RESORTS: Banff, Glacier, Mount Stephen and Fraser Canon.

Empress Line of Steamers from Vancouver Tickets to All Points in Japan, China, India and Around the World.

For Tickets & all general information apply to THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD., Agents Canadian-Australian S. S. Line, Canadian Pacific Railway.

A BEAR SCHEME

How Kihel Stock Was Hammered
Down to \$10.

A CASE OF MANIPULATION

But 500 Shares Were Used by the
Sold Operators—Down to \$10.
Back—Down to \$10.

(From Wednesday's Advertiser.)

Immediately after the closing of the second Board of the Honolulu Stock Exchange yesterday there was a sale of 500 shares of Kihel at \$10 per share. This consideration is the exact amount paid in and the seller is loser stamps and interest on his money. Seller was one of the original subscribers.

It is extremely doubtful if any more Kihel is sold at \$10. But it is the expectation of the bear hui to buy today at \$10 and even less.

There will be interruption today of one of the boldest manipulations ever undertaken on any stock market and the first one of magnitude so far undertaken here.

The compass of the market will be well understood and the ease with which a scheme for rise or fall may be engineered will be apparent when it is stated that Kihel has been forced from \$15 a share to \$10 by the use of but 500 shares.

It is only about ten days ago that the hui which launched the bear movement began operations actively. Kihel was selected on account of its popularity amongst both investors and speculators and on account of its wide distribution. It is held, in its assessable issue, by hundreds upon hundreds of people, including many who make no observations whatever beyond reading the daily quotations. Kihel was firmly established in the confidence of the public, but it was particularly vulnerable for the reasons presented. No other security is so generally held by strangers to the country, to the plantation business and to the methods of stock dealing. The plan of the manipulators was to ease the stock down gradually till it touched \$10 or below, purchase heavily, then force a recovery or rally by throwing out blocks to the brokers at advanced "asked" figures. The thing has been done on the coast and all over the Mainland with all sorts of stocks time after time, but had never before been carried out here. It was fresh and pretty locally.

The 500 shares used were placed in the hands of five or six of the brokers known as hustlers. The first day they offered at a point or two below \$15. The market for assessables was a trifle shaky at that period and nervousness was produced at once. This continued two or three days. Then for a few days the pieces of the 500 were offered at \$15.

From the \$15 mark the master stroke was made. The brokers were instructed, in the usual confidence, to offer, both on the board and privately, to sell at \$15, to take under consideration any offer and report to owners. Now it began to decline nicely and the hui members patted themselves on their respective backs. It was a pretty thing for an outsider to watch. It is the belief that not a single broker knew how he was being used by the combine. The hui people are young in years, but they are keen, have money and have had considerable experience in deals of variety. They knew what they were doing. The stock would be offered at \$15 in two board rooms on Fort street and in public and private places between sessions of the exchanges. Bids would be made and reported back to owners. Sales followed as low as \$12.50, \$12.25. The hammering down continued with the wee block of 500 shares, but the lower extremities got cool quickly in this market and some of the holders outside the hui began to think it high time to get from under and \$12.50 and \$12.25 became ruling prices, though the transactions were small. Fear now took possession of some small owner, or perhaps, and more than likely, it was a bunch of hui stock. Anyhow twenty shares went at the second session of the Honolulu Exchange yesterday for \$11.75.

Within five minutes of this sale of twenty Kihel at \$11.75, the bear contingent raised in 1000 shares at \$10. It was an effective and neat ruse. Perhaps it was too quick a buy. At any rate the secret is out and the raid is at an end.

Olas was given an unmerciful pounding yesterday. This was at the second session of the Honolulu Exchange. None was offered on the Hawaiian Board. At the rooms of the Honolulu Exchange there was a decided sensation over the Olas drop. There has been paid on this assessable stock \$2 a share. The plantation has all along been rated with the very best of the new ones. The corporation owns more and better land than any other company in the islands and is well organized with choice backing or support. The stock was put on the market by successful and reputable promoters. There has been worrying and whispering for several days. It was at one time at a premium of good size. It was offered yesterday at \$1.35. No response. No one wanted to buy. Add of \$1 was made for 100 shares. The word "hold," uttered most heartily, started about everybody in the room. Olas was half price. There were then sold in an instant the 200 shares at 75 cents and the bears grinned and the bulls roared. The excitement was on in full flush. In an instant more 150 more shares had been sold at 75 cents. Red rock was reached and the session ended and the brokers talked of the little stampede as they filed out. On the street everyone talked of the slump in Olas, but no outside transactions were reported. Opinion on the flurry is divided. Some of the people say it is manipulation, the same as the Kihel dealing of the past few days. Others declare that a few people who must have money are making sacrifices. Mannalet, \$10 paid, is offered at \$7.75 on the Honolulu Board and at \$9 on the Hawaiian, with no sales. This may be another case of operating, though the call for a ten per cent assessment on this stock is out. Impending assessments are on Mannalet, American, Waiatua, Kihel and one or two others. The gilt-edged, dividend paying stocks and Oahu, with first dividend yet to be paid, remain firm at about the prices of a fortnight ago. There are no bargains in these securities. Consequently there is no panic.

EVERY DAY FACTS.

Honolulu Produces Its Share—This Comes From Kawaiahao.

What makes anything a fact? Isn't it an occurrence of statement that can be proven true and correct in every particular? What constitutes conclusive evidence to the mind of a Honolulu citizen? Is it the statement of some one made in Texas or California? We think not, but when some of our own people make a statement and it is indorsed by many, there can be no question about that. Under these circumstances we call them facts, and they are every-day facts, because they are occurring every day. Don't take our word for what is said. If you are not satisfied, ask them; people don't make such assertions without good reasons.

The Rev. J. Nua of Kawaiahao informs us:

"I suffered from kidney trouble, which was, I believe, caused by my lifting heavy weights whilst young. Pains in the small of my back were one of the symptoms of my complaint. My trouble extends back to the time when I was 28 years of age, and as I am now 49, that is a considerable period. During all this time I was subject to pains in the back. They continued despite the fact that I consulted several physicians and took numerous remedies. No relief thus gained can be compared to the benefit obtained from using Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. I have got on wonderfully well since taking them. I am quite satisfied with the result, and shall always have some of the pills by me, even when going from Honolulu to other missionary fields in the South Pacific. There is no other remedy like Doan's Backache Kidney Pills for kidney complaints, including backache."

It is important to get the same pills which helped Mr. Nua—DOAN'S BACKACHE KIDNEY PILLS. Therefore, ask for Doan's Backache Kidney Pills. Doan's Backache Kidney Pills are sold by all druggists and storekeepers at 50 cents per box (six boxes for \$2.50), or will be mailed on receipt of price by the Hollister Drug Co., Honolulu, wholesale agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

LIQUID AIR.

Clear Statement Presented on Value as Power.

(Iron Age.) Huxley once said that he had spent forty years trying to make difficult things plain. To that he attributed whatever of merit there might be in his literary style. The exact quotation escapes us now, but that is about the sense of it. The distinguished president of Stevens Institute of Technology, Dr. Henry Morton, has had the same sort of experience. Moreover, like Huxley, he believes that "there is no alleviation for the sufferings of mankind except veracity of thought and action"; and he has taken a good deal of pains one time and another, to hunt out and expose unveracity and incompleteness of thought. Thus, he has become in some measure a specialist in exhibiting "engineering fallacies" to the young men under his charge, and incidentally to a large public.

One of the neatest jobs of this kind that he has done is an analysis of some of the claims made for Mr. Tripler's liquid air. He shows by beautifully simple reasoning and clear statement that (1) Mr. Tripler requires to make a gallon of liquid air twelve times as much power as a gallon of liquid air could possibly develop in an ideally perfect engine; and (2) that an apparatus to develop mechanical energy from the heat of the atmosphere would be of impracticable size, and its friction would probably use up a large part of the power it could develop; and (3) on Mr. Tripler's own showing his power will cost him 26 2-3 cents a horse power per hour, against from 1 cent to 4 cents per horse power for a steam engine.

The fireworks to be used the night of July 4 will be set off on the grounds of the Executive Building. At least this is the intention at present.

Hives are a terrible torment to the little folks, and to some older ones. Doan's Ointment never fails. Instant relief and permanent cure. At any chemist's, 50 cents.

REQUIEM SONG.

To Kapioian, Queen Dowager.

By the bare mount high, with the ocean nigh,
'Neath the loving watch of her people's guard,
Where the drooping palms stretch their loving arms
O'er the royal bier of the Queen beloved—
Sleeping, sleeping on.

From mountain domes and from grass thatch homes,
From crowded city and forest deeps
Come the heart-deep cry and the tear-dimmed eye
For the royal woman who rests and sleeps.

Even the mountain hills on the wooded hills
And crested waves of the circling sea,
With each flower and leaf, voice the common grief
For a noble life from its toil now free.

Crowning thy glory of royal birth
And regal station of pomp and power,
Is the life fraught proof of thy native worth
In the noble deeds of thy heart's rich dower.

And the loyal hearts of thy people true
Wreathed the leis of blessings and honors high
For the queenly woman whose love deeds grew
To a heritage that shall never die.

On the hillside high, with the town anigh,
In the stately tomb of the royal dead
With her life, rare kind, in all hearts enshrined,
And a people's "Aloha" upon her head—
Sleeping, sleeping on.

—G. B. M.

HAD A CLASS DAY.

The Kamehameha Cadets Play at Basket Ball.

Yesterday afternoon's exercises at Kamehameha opened with a basket ball game between two teams from the Manual school. One was known as the Whites, the other as the Blues. After one of the best games seen on the campus the victory rested with the Whites, with a score of 10 to 2. The teams were made up as follows:

Whites—J. Hose, John Yates, O. Nauape, J. Sakuma and W. Vannatta. Blues—W. Searle, J. Pa, H. Nahau, F. Kanaw and F. Amoe.

Rev. S. P. Perry, umpire; J. Easew, timekeeper.

Class day was then celebrated at the Manual. The graduates this year are as follows:

Manual Course—Chas. F. Siemsen, Jas. Burgess, Carl Ontai, Jas. Upchurch, Tom Cummings, John Cockett, Henry Martin, Simeon K. Kalua, Normal Course—Daniel Kaloi, William Herbert Abbey.

The program was extremely entertaining. The address of Professor Theo. Richards was full of inspiring and earnest thought and received hearty applause, for the professor is a warm favorite with the boys. The essays did not attempt to soar to unknown heights, and as a result their efforts were breezy and entertaining, and replete with jokes and hits at each other's expense. The program in detail was as follows:

Prayer—Rev. Timoteo.
Song—"Upidee"..... Anonymous Overture.
Address—Mr. Theodore Richards.
Song—"Jolly Life"..... Anonymous Glee Club.

Class History—Simeon Kalua.
Joking the Juniors—J. Cockett.
Music—"Espanita Waltz"..... Mandolin Club.

Class Prophecy—Simeon Kalua.
Planting the Tree—Address by James Upchurch.
Song and Yell—Class of '99.
Music—(a) Atlas March..... Southwell (b) Royal March..... Southwell Kamehameha Band.

Flower Frolic—Members of the Class. Refreshments.

Acquitted.

Oda, the Japanese hackman, who was charged with manslaughter in the second degree, was discharged yesterday morning. Paul Neumann appeared for the defendant and Attorney Cayless for the prosecution. The defendant while driving a hack on the 11th of June ran over a Chinaman, who died a few days after. It was alleged that death resulted from the injuries received.

WHY SOME PEOPLE ARE POOR.

Bad management keeps more people in poor circumstances than any other one cause. To be successful one must look ahead and plan ahead so that when a favorable opportunity presents itself he is ready to take advantage of it. A little forethought will also save much expense and valuable time. A prudent and careful man will keep a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy in the house, the slightest illness will wait until noon, it compels it and then ruin his best hope going for a doctor and have a big doctor bill to pay, besides, one pays out 25 cents the other is out a hundred dollars and then wonders why his neighbor is getting richer while he is getting poorer. For sale by HENSON SMITH & CO., LTD., Agents for Hawaiian Islands and all Druggists and Dealers.

BEAUTIFUL SKIN

Hands and Hair Produced by

Cuticura SOAP

The most effective skin purifying and beautifying soap in the world, as well as purest and sweetest for toilet, bath, and nursery. The only preventive of pimples, blackheads, red, rough, and oily skin, red, rough hands with itching palms and shapeless nails, dry, thin, and falling hair, and simple baby blemishes, because the only preventive of inflammation and clogging of the PORES.

Sold throughout the world. POTTER DRUG AND CHEM. CO., Sole Props., Boston. British depot: F. NEWBERRY & SONS, London. Send for "How to Cleanse, Purify, and Beautify the Skin, Scalp, and Hair," a book of intensely interesting matter to Ladies, post free.

California Fertilizer Works

Office: 527 Merchant St., San Francisco, Cal.
Factories: South San Francisco and Berkeley, Cal.

J. E. MILLER, MANAGER.

MANUFACTURERS OF PURE BONE FERTILIZERS
AND PURE BONE MEAL.

.....DEALERS IN.....

Fertilizer Materials!

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Have constantly on hand the following goods adapted to the Island trade:

HIGH GRADE CANE MANURE, FERTILIZERS,
NITRATE OF SODA, SULPHATE OF AMMONIA,
HIGH GRADE SULPHATE OF POTASH,
FISH GUANO, WOOL DUST, ETC.
Special Manures Manufactured to Order.

The manures manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS are made entirely from clean bone treated with acid, Dry Blood and Fish, Potash and Magnesia Salts. No adulteration of any kind is used, and every ton is sold under a guaranteed analysis. One ton or one thousand tons are almost exactly alike, and for excellent mechanical condition and high analysis have no superior in the market. The superiority of Pure Bone over any other Phosphatic Material for Fertilizer use is so well known that it needs no explanation. The large and constantly increasing demand for the Fertilizers manufactured by the CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS is the best possible proof of their superior quality.

C. Brewer & Co., Ltd.

HONOLULU AGENTS, CALIFORNIA FERTILIZER WORKS.

1899-RAMBLERS-1899

\$45.00

This seems low but we have just got in another big shipment and we propose to sell twice as many this Summer as ever before so have cut down the price to the lowest point.

We offer the same options as before on saddles, pedals, handle bars, etc., and our terms are very easy, only \$2.50 per week or less than 36 cents per day which amount you will easily save in car fare and lunch each day.

Ramblers at \$45.00 :::: will suit your pocket and they are the same good reliable wheel they have been for 20 years past.

E. O. HALL & SON,

—LIMITED.—

Columbia and Rambler Agents.

Read the Hawaiian Gazette

INSURANCE.

Theo. H. Davies & Co.

(Limited)

AGENTS FOR FIRE, LIFE AND MARINE INSURANCE.

Northern Assurance Company,

OF LONDON, FOR FIRE AND

LIFE. Established 1836.

ACCUMULATED FUNDS.....\$3,975,000.

British and Foreign Marine Ins. Co

OF LIVERPOOL, FOR MARINE.

CAPITAL.....\$1,000,000.

REDUCTION OF RATES.

IMMEDIATE PAYMENT OF CLAIMS.

THEO. H. DAVIES & CO., LTD.

AGENTS.

J. S. WALKER,

General Agent Hawn. Isl.

Royal Insurance Co. (LIV.)

ALLIANCE INSURANCE CO.;

ALLIANCE MARINE AND GENERAL

INSURANCE CO.;

WILHELM OF MAGDEBURG INSURANCE CO.;

SUN LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY OF CANADA;

COTTISH UNION AND NATIONAL UNION.

Room 12, Spreckels Block.

Hamburg-Bremen Fire Insurance Co

The undersigned having been appointed agents of the above company are prepared to insure risks against fire on Stone and Brick Buildings and on Merchandise stored therein on the most favorable terms. For particulars apply at the office of F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents.

German Lloyd Marine Insurance Co

OF BERLIN

Fortuna General Insurance Co

OF BERLIN.

The above Insurance Companies have established a general agency here, and the undersigned, general agents, are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Gen. Agts.

General Insurance Co. for Sea, River and Land Transport, of Dresden.

Having established an agency at Honolulu and the Hawaiian Islands the undersigned general agents are authorized to take risks against the dangers of the sea at the most reasonable rates and on the most favorable terms. F. A. SCHAEFER & Co., Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

TRANS-ATLANTIC FIRE INS. CO. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks.....6,000,000
Capital their reinsurance companies.....101,860,000
Total reichsmarks.....107,860,000

North German Fire Insurance Co. OF HAMBURG.

Capital of the Company and reserve, reichsmarks.....8,800,000
Capital their reinsurance companies.....35,000,000
Total reichsmarks.....43,800,000

The undersigned, general agents of the above two companies, for the Hawaiian Islands, are prepared to insure Buildings, Furniture, Merchandise and Produce, Machinery, etc., also Sugar and Rice Mills and Vessels in the harbor, against loss and damage by fire, on the most favorable terms.

H. HACKFELD & CO., Limited.

North British & Mercantile Insurance Co

TOTAL FUNDS AT 31st DECEMBER, 1897,
£118,558,980.

1-Authorized Capital—£3,000,000 £
Subscribed.....2,750,000
Paid up Capital.....607,500 0
2-Fire Fund.....2,618,750 7 8
3-Life and Annuity Funds.....10,187,970 1 8
£118,558,980 0 0

Revenue Fire Branch.....1,561,577 8 9
Revenue Life and Annuity Branches.....1,376,611 1 0
£2,938,188 9 9

The Accumulated Funds of the Fire and Life Departments are free from liability in respect of each other.

ED. HOFFSCHLAGER & CO.

Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

Castle & Cooke, LIMITED.

LIFE AND FIRE INSURANCE AGENTS

AGENTS FOR

New England Mutual Life Insurance Co OF BOSTON.

Elmo Fire Insurance Company OF HARTFORD.

FOR THE SPORTS

Good Men in Training for Events of July 4.

The 100-yard Dash Will be Sensational—Moore to Run Bases—After Record.

The athletes are getting in trim for the sports scheduled for the Fourth of July. Spiked shoes are being brought out, vaulting poles polished up, and the youngsters are practicing for that greasy pole.

Of the field sports the 100 yard dash, free for all, is the center of interest. There will be a number of starters. It is rumored that the soldiers have a man who is a flier and who will upset calculations. From the city it is known that Moore and Gorman will jump at the pistol crack. The former's ability has been proved on many a path, and everybody knows that "Jim" Gorman used to win everything in sight at picnics on the coast.

Moore will also figure prominently in the base-running contest. The present world's record is 14 2-5 seconds. Al thinks he can do better than this, and many people who have seen him hustle around the cushions in a fast ball game think likewise.

There is no doubt but that the base ball game between the Stars and "Kams" July 4 will be one of the best of the season. The honor of winning that contest is almost as much as carrying off the pennant. And then, there is the purse. The "Kams" were scheduled to play the Artillery tomorrow, but out of respect to the late Queen Dowager the former team declines to play and have notified the soldiers. The latter will, of course, agree to that instead of claiming the game forfeited.

SONG OF THE HOMEWARD BOUND.

(Coast Seamen's Journal.)

Oh! for a brisk and freshening wind
That follows the tall ship fast,
That curls the crests of the sun-kiss'd
And strains the pitch-pine mast—
And bends the towering mast,
Whilst the dog-watch yawns go 'round,
And the chanteyman uplifts his voice
In the song of the homeward bound!

The chorus ascends in time and tune,
And is caught on the rising wind,
Till the startled gulls with fluttering
Fall off in the track behind—
Where their shrieks and screams are
drowned
By the proud, loud song, the loud,
proud song,
The song of the homeward bound.

Give me the midst of a stormy zone,
Where the staggering sun swings
low
And the clouds roll back on the weather-
board,
Predicting a heavy blow—
Sure sign of a heavy blow,
When from windward comes the sound
Of the thunder's roar to rouse the
song,
The song of the homeward bound.

Give me the man with the rich, round
voice,
When the wind is bellowing hard,
As he looms his reach o'er the leading-
block,
A-hoisting a topsail yard—
Mastheading a topsail yard,
As the sail sets taut and round,
And the word "Belay!" falls like
"Amen!"
To the song of the homeward bound.

Oh! the strange seafolk, the wild sea-
folk,
That live on the trackless deep—
That carry our commerce the world
around
Wherever the wild waves sweep—
Where the wild waves ever sweep,
To these let the toast resound,
With a health to the sailor, a health
to the ship,
And a health to the homeward bound!

HAWAIIAN STOCK EXCHANGE

Honolulu, June 29, 1899.
Bid—Kamalo, \$1; Kihel, \$12; Wai-
lana, \$10; Waiola, \$10; Waiola, \$10;
\$110; Kona Kan T. & T. Co., \$25.
Asked—American Sugar, paid up,
\$167.50; Honoma, \$180; Kamalo, \$1.25;
Kihel, \$12.25; Kipahulu, \$130; Kona,
\$30; Maunaloa, \$7.50; McHryde, \$200;
\$3; McHryde, paid up, \$10.50; Na-
hiku, \$2.05; Ookala, \$24; Waiolua, \$50;
\$95; Hawaiian Electric, \$200;
Kona Kan T. & T. Co., \$35; Mutual
Telephone Co., \$15.75.
Session Sales—Fifty Kamalo, \$1; 10
Nahiku, \$2.
Outside Sales Reported—Twenty-five
Kihel, \$12.50; 25 Kihel, \$12; 313 Mc-
Hryde, \$3; 10 Maunaloa, \$8.50; 150 Na-
hiku, \$2.10.

The line of march for the funeral
procession on Sunday is laid out in ac-
cordance with an old Hawaiian custom.
It will be from the church direct to
Nuuanu street, thence to the royal
Mausoleum in Nuuanu cemetery.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

ARRIVED AT HONOLULU.

Tuesday, June 27.
Stmr. W. G. Hall, Haglund, from
Kau, Kona and Lahaina; 6121 bags
sugar, 51 bags coffee, 17 bundles hides,
200 sundries.
Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, from Koloa;
4100 bags sugar, 75 bundles hides, 9
sundries.
Wednesday, June 28.
Haw. S. S. Hueneme, V. Johnson,
from San Francisco June 17, to C.
Brewer & Company; 400 tons general
merchandise.
Stmr. Mokoli, Dower, 6 hrs. from
Kauakaka.
Thursday, June 29.
Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, from Ka-
paa; 1550 bags sugar, 9 sundries.
Stmr. Ke Au Hou, Mosher, from Ma-
kawai; 3800 bags sugar, 1 deck pas-
senger.
Stmr. Kaula, Bruhn, 7 hrs. from Ka-
napali; 7100 bags sugar to H. Hack-
feld & Co.

SAILED FROM HONOLULU.

Tuesday, June 27.
Stmr. Kilohana, Thompson, Honu-
apua.
Br. S. S. Coptic, Inman Sealby, San
Francisco.
Stmr. Mikahala, Thompson, Koloa.
Stmr. James Makee, Kapaa.
Stmr. Kinai, Freeman, Hilo.
Stmr. Claudine, Cameron, Maui
ports.
Wednesday, June 28.
Stmr. Maui, Macdonald, Kihel.
Stmr. Iwailani, Gregory, Honokaa.
Schr. Ada, Nelson, Hanalei.
Am. bktn. S. N. Castle, L. H. Hub-
bard, San Francisco.
Schr. Blanche and Ella, Dudoit, Kau-
nakakal.
Wednesday, June 28.
Schr. Kauikaouli, Ialua, Hawaii.
Thursday, June 29.
Stmr. Mokoli, Dower, Kamalo.
Schr. Blanche and Ella, Dudoit, Kau-
nakakal.
Stmr. J. A. Cummins, Searle, Oahu
ports.
Schr. Liliebonne, C. H. Hansen, in
ballast for the Sound.
Stmr. James Makee, Tullet, Kapaa.
Stmr. Helene, Welbarth, Kihel.
Stmr. Noeau, Pederson, Lahaina.

VESSELS IN PORT.

ARMY AND NAVY.

U. S. S. Iroquois, Pond, Hilo, March 19.
MERCHANTMEN.
(This list does not include coasters.)
Am. stmr. City of Columbia, Walker,
Hilo, Dec. 11.
Am. ship Iroquois, Thompson, New
York, April 19.
Am. ship Star of Russia, Hatfield, Na-
naimo, May 24.
Br. ship Kilmorey, Milne, London, May
27.
Ger. ship Wega, Bommerman, London,
May 31.
Am. ship George Curtis, Sproule, New
York, May 31.
Ger. bk. H. Hackfeld, Barber, Liver-
pool, June 2.
Am. bk. Colusa, Ewart, Newcastle,
June 3.
Am. brig W. G. Irwin, Williams, San
Francisco, June 10.
Haw. bk. R. P. Rithet, Calhoun, San
Francisco, June 10.
Am. bk. McNear, Pederson, Laysan
Island, June 12.
Am. ship John C. Potter, Meyer, New-
castle, June 13.
Haw. bk. Diamond Head, Ward, San
Francisco, June 16.
Am. schr. Liliebonne, Hansen, Gray's
Harbor, June 16.
Am. bk. S. C. Allen, Johnson, San
Francisco, June 17.
Br. schr. Retriever, Parker, Hongkong,
June 17.
Am. bktn. S. G. Wilder, Jackson, San
Francisco, June 23.

MOVEMENT OF STEAMERS.

Steamers due and to sail today and
for the next six days are as follows:
ARRIVE.
Steamers From Due
Upolu—Kohala July 1
Lehua—Molokai July 1
Port Albert—Seattle July 1
Mokoli—Molokai July 1
Kinai—Hilo July 2
Mikahala—Kauai July 2
Claudine—Maui July 2
Nippon Maru—San Francisco July 4
America Maru—Yokohama July 4
Austral—San Francisco July 4
Aorangi—Sydney July 5
Warrimoo—Victoria July 7
W. G. Hall—Kona July 7
DEPART.
Steamers For Sails
W. G. Hall—Kona June 30
Port Albert—Seattle July 1
Mokoli—Molokai July 1
Upolu—Kona July 1
Nippon Maru—San Francisco July 4
America Maru—San Francisco July 4
Claudine—Maui July 5
Lehua—Molokai July 5
Kinai—Hilo July 5
Mikahala—Kauai July 5
Aorangi—Victoria July 6
Warrimoo—Sydney July 7

NOTICE TO SHIPMASTERS.

U. S. Branch Hydrographic Office,
San Francisco, Cal.
By communicating with the Branch
hydrographic Office in San Francisco,
captains of vessels who will co-operate
with the Hydrographic Office by
recording the meteorological observa-
tions suggested by the office, can have
forwarded to them at any desired port,
and free of expense, the monthly pilot
charts of the North Pacific Ocean and
the latest information regarding the
 dangers to navigation in the waters
which they frequent.
Mariners are requested to report to
the office dangers discovered, or any
other information which can be utilized
for correcting charts or sailing
directions, or in the publication of the
 pilot charts of the North Pacific.
W. S. HUGHES,
Lieutenant, United States Navy.

PASSENGERS.

Arrived.

From Kau, Kona and Lahaina, per
stmr. W. G. Hall, June 27.—T. C. Williams,
M. C. Mott-Smith, E. A. Wendt, Mrs.
J. Fernandez, Miss H. Eckhardt, Mrs.
John Sherman, W. Kauhane, J. D.
Johnson, Mrs. Suter, J. F. O'Connor
and wife, Laura Keohi, Mrs. Kelli, Sam
Haalo, Anna Kaaloa, Miss Marcos, L.
C. Gibson, E. G. Ferreira, S. Kellinoo
and wife, J. S. McCandless, Mr. Meyer
and 63 on deck.
From Koloa, per stmr. Noeau, June
27.—P. Isenberg, Miss McKaig.
From Kapaa, per stmr. James Makee,
June 29.—Mrs. George H. Fairchild and
family, Mrs. S. N. Hundley, H. H. Wil-
liams, Dr. Wall, J. E. Kekela, Mr. Sieke
and 9 deck.
From Kalaupapa, per stmr. Mokoli,
June 28.—Sister Bonaventura.

Departed.

For San Francisco, per stmr. Coptic,
June 27.—Miss A. Hassford, Rev. Mr.
Gulick and family (4), Ivan Graham,
Mrs. W. J. Lowrie and son, A. N.
Campbell, Miss E. Dietz, J. Lightfoot,
G. E. Barnett, Osmar Abbott, Miss M.
R. Scovell, J. Rosenberg, Mr. M.
O'Shaughnessy, J. H. Gehr, C. H. Bailey,
O. A. Bernard, Mr. and Mrs. M. Salo-
man, M. Schweitzer, C. P. Fildblad,
Mrs. Crozier, E. T. Dreier, J. F. Scott
and wife, J. T. Campbell.
For Kaula, per stmr. Mikahala, June
27.—The Misses Juliet King, Mary
Rice, Emily Rice, Anna Rice, M. Hart,
M. Scott, G. Scott, Bessie Palmer, Ida-
bell Palmer, G. Kopke, Mrs. Gunn, Mr.
and Mrs. Richard, Arthur Rice, Harold
Rice, W. H. Rice, E. Deverill, Mrs. W.
H. Rice, Jr., George Kentwell, John
Gandall, H. P. Walton, Charles Elston,
George Fuller, Mr. Snow, A. Water-
house.

For Honokaa, per stmr. Iwailani,
June 27.—Miss M. Wright, Miss F. De-
lanux, Mrs. W. Peterson, 4 children.
For Hilo and Way Ports, per stmr.
Kinai, June 27.—Masters Robinson,
Miss Robertson, Mabel Robertson, Miss
Grace, Mrs. Rycroft, Miss Crozier, Miss
Rycroft, Edgar Wood and wife, Mas-
ters Morton, Masters Perry, Miss Flo-
rence Hill, A. S. Wilcox, G. N. Wilcox,
Mr. Grace, H. F. Lyon, C. M. Withan,
James Laing, Miss Alice Laing, Mrs.
R. A. Ahu and child, A. Horner, Ar-
mstrong Smith, Mrs. L. Marks and 2
children, Florence Towse, Helen Desha,
Miriam Holley, S. Desha, J. Desha,
J. Luis, Ernest Akina, E. McCann,
Masters Williams, D. Kamali, Mrs. W.
A. Hardy, R. Rycroft, Master William
Hall, Master Robinson, Miss M. B.
Hitchcock, Miss A. L. Hitchcock, Miss
J. Hall, Mrs. Creighton and daughter,
Miss Lishman, J. M. Riggs, F. M.
Wakefield, Mr. and Mrs. J. B. Merritt
and family, Miss C. Kelly, Miss Mas-
sey, W. H. G. Arneemann, Mr. Axtell,
M. G. Barney, Charles M. Logue, Chong
Sai, T. Smalley.

For Maui ports, per stmr. Claudine,
June 27.—Mrs. W. A. McKay, Mrs.
William Savidge and child, Mrs. Rose
and three children, Mr. Gussoni and
wife, Mrs. Young, Mrs. Jackson, J. de
Souza, Miss Ziegler, A. J. Roderiques
and son, C. H. Smith, Mr. Mirreles,
Young Nap, Young Chook Hin, E. Enos
and son, W. A. McKay, M. J. Soares,
Mrs. L. J. Cornwell and two children,
Mrs. Castle, Miss White.
For San Francisco, per bktn. S. N.
Castle, June 28.—Miss M. E. Stetson,
Mrs. S. McKeague, Miss S. Lyett, Mrs.
M. A. Gonzales and six children,
William McVay, Miss McVay, Miss
Boyer, Miss Verner, John Gringies.

For Honokaa and Kukulhaele, per
stmr. Iwailani, June 28.—Miss M.
Weight, Miss F. Delaney, Mrs. W. Pe-
tersen and three children, M. A. Silva
and A. B. Loebenstein.
Booked.
For Maui and Hawaii, per stmr. W.
G. Hall, sailing June 30.—Geo. Clark
and family, Mrs. H. S. Townsend and
two children, the Misses Horner (2),
J. D. Paris, Miss L. Pall, Miss Kamau-
oha, W. O. Smith and family, Miss Kel-
sey, Miss Willis, S. Kellinoo and wife,
Miss Yates, J. Greenwell, F. M. Wake-
field, E. Richardson, Miss Beard, Mr.
Snodgrass, Miss Kernan, W. J. Lowrie,
Miss Hatch, Miss Marcos, Master Will-
is, W. Spencer, Miss Foley, F. M. Hatch
and family, Mrs. Dr. Oliver and two
children, Sister Bonaventura.

VESSELS EXPECTED.

Due in June.
Vessel. From.
Alden Besse, Am. bk. .. San Francisco
Honolulu, Am. schr. .. San Francisco
Sarmiento, Ar. S. S. .. San Francisco
Mary Dodge, Am. schr. .. S. F.
City of Adelaide, Br. bk. .. Newcastle
King Arthur, Br. ship .. Newcastle
Blairmore, Br. ship .. Newcastle
Amphitrite, Br. ship .. London
Geneva, Am. bg. .. Clipperton Island
Antiope, Br. bk. .. Nitrate ports
Alice Cooke, Am. schr. .. Puget Sound
Amelia, Am. bktn. .. Blakeley
Victoria, Br. stmr. .. Lisbon
J. C. Glade, Ger. bk. .. London
Kinfauns, Br. bk. .. London
Albany, Ger. bk. .. Westport
Due in July.
Robert R. Hind, Am. schr. .. Ludlow
F. S. Redfield, Am. schr. .. Tacoma
Robert Lewers, Am. schr. .. Eureka
W. H. Dimond, Am. bktn. .. S. F.
Due in August.
Marie Hackfeld, Ger. ship .. Liverpool
Chas. E. Moody, Am. ship .. Norfolk
Foong Suey, Haw. bk. .. New York
Helen Brewer, Haw. ship .. New York
Coalings, Am. bk. .. New York
Emily F. Whitney, Am. ship .. New York
Marie Hackfeld, Ger. ship .. Hamburg
Due in October.
Obad Baxter, Am. bk. New York
Due in September.
Poohing Suey—Haw. bk. New York
Col. Jim Sherwood is enjoying ex-
cellent health in Manila, and Peter
Stammore is his private secretary and
chief assistant in the hotel and re-
freshment business.
The pall bearers for the funeral on
Sunday will be all native Hawaiians
with the exception of Mr. Mott-Smith,
Minister of Foreign Affairs, represent-
ing the Republic. Prince Albert Ku-
kuiaka will be a pall bearer, which
accounts for the absence of his name
from the procession list.

WHARF AND WAVE.

The Hueneme is to be the Nihaun.
Strong northeast breeze in the Maui
channel.

Hueneme is an old Spanish town in
Southern California.

The German ship Wega sails for
Nitrate ports next week.

Fine weather and no rain at La-
haina. Very windy at Kaunapali.

The Mauna Loa resumes the Kona-
Kau route on the trip out July 21.

The bark Diamond Head is loading
sugar for San Francisco at Kinai
wharf.

Twenty-six thousand three hundred
and eleven bags sugar awaiting ship-
ment on Kauai.

Thirteen thousand feet of lumber
were taken to Kamalo and Maunaloa
plantations by the Mokoli yesterday.

The City of Columbia is alongside
Fishmarket wharf repairing prepara-
tory to her departure for Guam and
Hongkong.

New head gear has appeared on the
persons of the inspectors of customs.
Silk caps with gold lace. They are
neat and up to date.

The crew which brought the Hueneme
to this port from San Francisco re-
turned on the schooner Liliebonne to
Port Townsend yesterday.

Island vessels sailing today are the
steamer W. G. Hall, Haglund, for La-
haina, Maalaea, Kona and Kau, 10 a.
m.; steamer Ke Au Hou, Mosher, for
Kauai, 4 p. m.; and schooner Lady,
Martin, for Koolau.

There is a big gilded eagle with out-
spread wings just forward of the pil-
house on the Hueneme. It is lifelike
and a beautiful piece of carving and
there were many who viewed the new
steamer yesterday who hope it will re-
main.

The island steamers arriving on and
after Saturday of this week will not
sail until the following Wednesday in
order to give the officers and crews a
chance to spend the Fourth in Hono-
lulu. The Maui and Helene will be in
Hilo on that day.

The Kaula, with a full cargo of sugar
from Lahaina, arrived in port yester-
day afternoon. The Kaula left Hono-
lulu a week ago and has been detained
at Kaunapali owing to the break down
of the donkey at the landing there and
rough weather.

Some thousand and odd dollars more
will be spent for repairs on the steam-
er City of Columbia, now on the berth
for Oriental ports. She is loading 200
tons of rock ballast and sails direct
for Guam and Hongkong as no trial
trip is deemed necessary.

CLEARED.

Thursday, June 29.
Ship Star of Russia, G. A. Hatfield,
for Port Townsend in ballast.

Orpheum Show.

Another good house greeted the Or-
pheum talent last evening. The open-
ing sketch now on gives every member
a chance. Dave Marion is a big suc-
cess as the Italian "fiddler." He and
Jim Post work well together and cause
lots of fun.

The cake walk was the absorbing
feature. The same couple that took
part the first night, tripped and bow-
ed and smiled. By the applause it was
apparent that the elder Miss Hartwell
and "Willie" Howard were the favor-
ites.

The mock heroes of Post and Mar-
ion are laughable. The local hits are
sharp and to the point. The Hartwell
sisters, Miss Brandes, Barton, Howard
and Glorine are all doing good work.

Married.

AUSTIN-BARTHOLOMEW—In Hono-
lulu, June 26, 1899, Miss Hattie Bar-
tholomew to W. L. Austin, both of
this city.

The first woman to be employed in
these islands as feeder on a cylinder
press entered the service of the Ha-
waiian Gazette company yesterday.

KINEI NOTICE.

ALL STOCK OF KINEI PLANTA-
tion Co. on which second assessment
has not been paid by July 1st, will be
sold as delinquent stock.
J. P. COOKE,
Treasurer.

LOST.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
Draft No. 187 for \$500, issued in favor
of A. Gramberg, and Drafts Nos. 216,
217, 218, for \$25.00 each, issued in favor
of Frank Gouvin, have been lost. All
persons are cautioned against negotiat-
ing for these drafts, as payment has been
stopped.
KONA SUGAR CO., Limited,
F. W. McCHESNEY,
Treasurer.

**RUBBER STAMPS
AND
STEREOTYPES**

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE.

MAPS OF HONOLULU, UNMOUNT-
ed, 50 cents each. Maps of Hawaiian
Islands, unmounted, 50 cents each. My
Hawaiian Gazette Co., Von Holt Street,
Kings Street.

BY AUTHORITY.

PUBLIC LANDS NOTICE.

On July 29th, at 12 noon, at front
entrance of Judiciary Building, Hono-
lulu, will be sold at public auction,
lease of the mauka portion of lands of
Ahomau, Papaa and Molooa, Kaula.
Area 2600 acres more or less.
Upset price \$500 per year, semi-an-
nually in advance.

Lease will be subject to conditions
for forest protection and for reserva-
tions for settlement if required.
For further particulars, apply at
Land Office, Honolulu.

J. F. BROWN,
Agent Public Lands.
June 29, 1899. 2085-1d

SEALED TENDERS.

Will be received at the Office of the
Minister of the Interior till 12 o'clock
noon of Thursday, July 20th, for the
Construction of Road, Waiohinu to
Kahuku and Ninole Homestead Road.
Specifications at Office of Superin-
tendent Public Works and at Post-
office, Hookeana, Waiohinu, and Hilea.
The Minister does not bind himself
to accept the lowest or any bid.

JAS. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior.
June 20, 1899. 2085-3r

TUESDAY, July 4th, 1899, being a
National Holiday, all Government of-
fices throughout the Republic will
close on that day.

J. A. KING,
Minister of the Interior.
Interior Office, June 20, 1899. - 5264

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT OF THE FIRST CIRCUIT, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS.

In the matter of the estate of Inga L.
Bergersen and guardianship of M.
W. M. Bergersen, minor.

On reading and filing the petition of
William A. Bowen, administrator and
guardian of said estate and said minor,
praying for an order of sale of certain
real estate belonging to said estate and
said minor, situate on the east corner
of Heulu and Keeaumoku streets, in
Honolulu, Oahu, and setting forth cer-
tain legal reasons why such real es-
tate should be sold.

It is hereby ordered, that all persons
interested in the said estate, appear
before this Court on Friday, the 30th
day of June, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock
a. m., at the Court Room of this Court,
in Honolulu, Oahu, then and there to
show cause why an order should not be
granted.

Honolulu, H. I., June 7th, 1899.
By the Court:
GEORGE LUCAS, Clerk.

IN THE CIRCUIT COURT, FIRST CIRCUIT OF THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS—IN PROBATE.

In the matter of the estate of Simon
Roth, late of Honolulu, Oahu, de-
ceased.

The petition and accounts of the ad-
ministrator with will annexed of the
estate of said deceased, wherein he
asks that his accounts be examined
and approved, and that a final order be
made of distribution of the property
remaining in his hands to the persons
thereto entitled, and discharging him
from all further responsibility as such
administrator.

It is ordered, that Monday, the 24th
day of July, A. D. 1899, at 10 o'clock
a. m., at Chambers in the Court House,
at Honolulu, be and the same hereby
is appointed as the time and place for
hearing said petition and accounts, and
that all persons interested may then
and there appear and show cause, if
any they have, why the same should
not be granted.

Honolulu, H. I., June 21, 1899.
By the Court:
J. A. THOMPSON, Clerk.

CORPORATION NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT
THE KOHALA AND HILO RAILWAY
COMPANY this day accepted the
Charter of Incorporation granted by
the Minister of Interior, and the fol-
lowing named officers of the Corpora-
tion were elected:

Herbert B. Gehr President
Thomas Rain Walker Vice President
Thomas Rain Walker Secretary
Wade J. Browne Treasurer
J. W. Jones Auditor
THOMAS RAIN WALKER,
Secretary.

Honolulu, June 26, 1899. 2085-41F

PURE-BRED POULTRY!
Eggs for Hatching.

PURE BRED FOWLS and Eggs for
sale at all seasons from the following
varieties:
English Grey Dorking, Black Min-
orca, Barred Plymouth Rocks, Buff
Leghorn, Brown Leghorn, White Leg-
horn, Pekin Ducks and Bronze Tur-
keys.
I am constantly in receipt of new
importations from the best known
strains.
Eggs properly packed and fowls well
cared.
Prices furnished on application.
WALTER C. WEEDON,
Eastlawn, Punahou, Honolulu, H. I.

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF REAL ESTATE SITUATE IN HONOLULU, ISLAND OF OAHU.

Pursuant to a decree made by Hon.
W. L. Stanley, Second Judge of the
Circuit Court of the First Judicial Cir-
cuit, filed the 3rd day of June, A. D.
1899, in a cause entitled James Cam-
pelli v. Sarepta A. Gulick, in her own
right, and as executrix and sole de-
vicee under the last will and testame-
nt of Charles T. Gulick, deceased, fore-
closure proceedings, notice is hereby
given that the property known as the
Gulick premises and now occupied by
Dr. H. V. Murray herein described will
be sold at public auction at the sales-
room of James F. Morgan, Queen
street, Honolulu, on SATURDAY,
JULY 8th, 1899, at 12 o'clock noon.
The said sale is subject to confirma-
tion by the said Circuit Court.

PROPERTY TO BE SOLD:

All that piece or parcel of land sit-
uate on the mauka side of King street,
between Alakea and Fort Streets, in
the City of Honolulu, Island of Oahu,
the same being more fully described as
two certain deeds of conveyance, to-
wit: (1) R. B. Neville to John H.
Thompson, dated April 26th, 1866, re-
corded in the office of the Registrar of
Conveyances in Liber 19, folios 259 and
260, which is as follows: Commencing
on the north corner of this lot on King
street 72 feet easterly from the east
corner of Mahuka's lot on the said
street, the boundary runs along the
said street N. 46° 30' E. 76 6-12 feet;
thence along Kalahula's land S. 46°
45' W. 136 1-3 feet; thence along the
Kekualaea lot N. 49° 45' W. 74 feet;
thence N. 40° 0' E. 141 1/2 feet to com-
mencement.

(2) Kahoomaka (Kamak) to
Charles T. Gulick, dated August 18th,
1871, recorded in the office of the Re-
gistrar of Conveyances in Liber 32, fol-
ios 463-4-5, which is described as fol-
lows: E. hoomaka a ka ana wa ke
kahi Hikina o kela pa e pili ana i ka
lihi makai o ke Alanui Alii a hele aku
penel He. 37 1/2' Kom. 2.03 kaul. pili
ana i ka pahale o Napohaku a me ke
Kaua a hiki i ka pahale o C. C. Harris
alaila Ak. 51 1/2' Kom. 1.23 kaul. pele
i ka pahale o Harris a me ko Isabella
Pa a hiki i ka pahale o Duncan alaila
He. 40' Ex. Hl. 2.05 kaul. ma ko Dun-
can a hiki i ko Alanui Alii alaila He.
47 1/2' Hl. 1.16 kaul. pili i ke Alanui
Alii a hiki i kahi i hoomaka'i, malaila
24-100 o ka eka.

Terms of sale are cash in U. S. Gold.
Deed at the expense of the purchaser.
For further particulars apply to
GEORGE LUCAS,
Commissioner.

2079-5t

GUARDIAN'S SALE OF VALUABLE REAL PROPERTY.

Notice is hereby given that on MON-
DAY, JULY 10, 1899, at 12 o'clock
noon, at the mauka entrance to the Ju-
diary Building, Honolulu, the under-
signed will sell at public auction, sub-
ject to confirmation by the court, all
the right, title and interest of Eliza-
beth H. Robinson and Isaac J. Robi-
nson, minors, in and to all those pre-